A		Reg. No. :									
	Question Paper Code: 93703										
	B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2023										
		Third S	Semeste	er							
		Mechanical	l Engin	eering	5						
	19UN	IE303– ENGINEERI	ING TH	IERM	IODY	'NA	MIC	CS			
		(Regulat	tion 20	19)							
Dur	ation: Three hours						Maximum: 100 Mark				
		Answer AI	LL Que	stions							
		PART A - (10	x 1 = 1	0 Mai	rks)						
1.	Mass Transfer canno	t takes place in									CO
	(a) open system (b) closed system (c) Isolated system (d) Nor						lone o	of the	e abc	ove	
2.	Which one is applicat	ion of SFEE?									CO
	(a) IC Engines (b) Evaporator (c) Condenser						(d) Both b & c				
3.	The efficiency of carnot cycle depends upon								CO		
	(a) temperature limits			(b) pressure ratio							
	(c) volume compressi	(d)	(d) cut-off ratio and compression ratio						io		
4.	What is the relation between COP of heat pump and refrigeratorCO4										
	(a) COP of pump = COP of refrigerator-1 (b) COP of pump = COP of refriger						erato	or+1			
	(c) COP of pump = COP of refrigerator-2 (d) COP of pump = COP of refrige						erato	or+2			
5.	Pure substance example is							CO			
	(a) H2 (b) Table Salt (c) Gold (d) Al							l the above			
6.	What is the actual turbine inlet temperature in Rankine cycle?							CO			
	(a) 700 <sup>°</sup> C	(b) 800 <sup>0</sup> C	(c) 5	50 <sup>0</sup> C			(0	d) 11:	50 <sup>0</sup> C		
7.	Which of the following relation is correct?							CO			
	(a) dU=TdS-pdV		(b) d	H=Td	lS+V	dp					
	(c) dG=Vdp-SdT		(d) a	ll of tl	he ab	ove					

8.	Max	well's equation	s consists of	equations.		(	CO5- U			
	(a) f	Cour	(b) three	(c) two	(d) on	e				
9.	In se	ensible heating	or cooling			(	CO1- U			
	(a) work done remains constant (b) dry bulb temperature or air remains constant									
	(c) t	both of the ment	tioned	(d) none of the above	e					
10		e wet bulb ter istened bulb.	nperature is the	e temperature	recorded by	(	CO1- U			
	(a) l	owest		(b) highest						
	(c) a	atmospheric		(d) none of the	he mentioned					
PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)										
11	State First Law of Thermodynamics for closed system.									
12	State	e Kelvin Planck	CO4- U							
13	Wha	at do you unders	CO1- U							
14	Wha	at is Clausius C	CO5- U							
15	Defi	ine Relative Hu	CO6- U							
	PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)									
16	(a) In a vessel 10 kg of oxygen is heated in a reversible non flow CO3-App constant volume process , so that pressure of oxygen is increased two times of initial pressure. The initial temperature is 200 C .Calculate the final temperature, Change in internal Energy, Change in Enthalphy, Heat Transfer and final temperature. Take R=0.259 KJ/KgK, $C_V$ =0.625 KJ/KgK Or						(16)			
	(b)	steam, at inlet to and the veloc KJ/Kg. The no from it. (i) Fin is 0.1 m <sup>2</sup> and	to certain nozzle tity is 60 m/s a zzle is horizontand the velocity a specific volume e iii) If the specific	asing velocity of a ste the enthalpy of fluid at discharge end enth al and there is neglig t exist from nozzle (ii at inlet is 0.187 m <sup>3</sup> ific volume at exit is	is 3000KJ/Kg alpy is 2762 ible heat loss i) If inlet area /Kg. Find the	CO3-Ana	(16)			

17 (a) A Heat engine supply 19 KW of heat from 565K substance and CO4-Ana (16) reject heat to 282.5K to reservoir . which of the following engine is reversible, irreversible and impossible Engine CASE 1- If 14.0833KW of heat is rejected CASE 2- If 4.75 KW of heat is rejected CASE 3- If 9.5 KW of heat is rejected , By using carnot and Clausius inequality method

## Or

- (b) A Reversible Heat Engine operates between two reservoirs at CO4-App (16) temperature of  $600^{\circ}$  C and  $40^{\circ}$  C. The engine drives a reversible refrigerator which operates between reservoir at a temperature of  $40^{\circ}$  C and  $20^{\circ}$  C. The heat to the heat engine is 2000 KJ and the net work output of the combined engine and refrigerator plant is 360 KJ. Evaluate the heat transfer to the refrigerator and net heat transfer to the reservoir at  $40^{\circ}$  C
- 18 (a) Discuss the different phase change zones of T-S Diagram for CO1-U (16) water when the temperature rises from solid phase to superheated phase.

## Or

- (b) A Vessel of volume 0.04 m<sup>3</sup> contains a mixture of saturated water CO1-App (16) and saturated steam at a temperature of 250<sup>0</sup> C. The mass of liquid present is 9 Kg. Find the Pressure, Mass, Specific Volume, Specific Entropy, Specific Enthalpy and Specific Internal Energy
- 19 (a) Derive Tds equation when (i) T and V independent (ii) T and P CO5-U (16) independent.

## Or

- (b) Explain the Joule Thomson coefficient with the help of T-p CO5-U (16) diagram and derive the expression for joule Thomson coefficient.
   Show that the value of this coefficient for an ideal gas is zero
- 20 (a) An air conditioning system has the following conditions CO6-App (16)
  1)outdoor conditions 15°C dry bulb temperature and 10°C wet bulb temperature 2)required conditions 20°C DBTand 50% relative humidity, amount of pre air circulated 0.25 m³/min per person 3) seating capacity 50 person to requied conditons is achieved first by heating and then by adaibatic humidification . determine the following 1) capacity of heating coil 2)capacity of humidifier

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(b) An air conditioning system has the following conditions CO6-App (16) 1)outdoor conditions  $32^{0}$ C dry bulb temperature and 75% relative humidity 2)required indoor conditions  $25^{0}$ C DBTand 70% relative humidity, amount of pre air circulated 200 m<sup>3</sup>/min per person 3) seating capacity 50 person to requied conditons is achieved first by cooling and dehumidification and then heating Determine the following 1) capacity of cooling coil in tonnes 2)capacity of heating coil iii) Mass of water vapour removed if coildewtemp14<sup>0</sup>C