Reg. No. :						

Question Paper Code: U3804

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2023

Third Semester

Computer Science Engineering

21UIT304 PRINCIPLES OF OPERATING SYSTEMS

(Common to IT, CSD, AI&DS & CSE(AI&ML) Engineering branches)

(Regulations 2021)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. What is the main difficulty that a programmer must overcome in writing an CO1-U operating system for a real-time environment?.
- 2. What is the purpose of the command interpreter? Why is it usually separate CO1-U from the kernel?
- 3. Name two hardware instructions and their definitions which can be used for CO1-U implementing mutual exclusion
- 4. Differentiate preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling CO1- U
- 5. Compare paging with segmentation with respect to the amount of memory CO1-U required by the address translation structures in order to convert virtual addresses to physical addresses
- 6 Suppose that a system is in an unsafe state. Show that it is possible for the CO2-App processes to complete their execution without entering a deadlock state
- 7 What is meant by Demand Paging? CO1- U
- 8 If the average page faults service time of 25ms and a memory access time of CO2-App 100ns, calculate the effective access time
- 9 Give an example of an application in which data in a file should be accessed in CO2-App the following order: i. sequential ii. Random
- 10 Mention the reason that why rotational latency usually not considered in disk CO1-U scheduling?

PART – B (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

11. (a) Describe the system calls and system process with a real time CO1-U (16) example.

Or

- (b) Compare the different types of Operating systems with their pros CO1-U (16) and cons
- 12. (a) Using semaphores, design a solution to manage clients access to CO2-App (16) five banking tellers given the following operation scenario: The bank has a space with 15 chairs and a standing area that can accommodate up to 10 clients. Hence, the maximum number of clients allowed to enter the bank branch is 25. A client needs to wait for an empty chair before sitting. A client will not be served except after receiving a ticket. To obtain a ticket, the client needs to enter his ID. When a teller is available, one.

Or

(b) Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CO2-App (16) CPU – burst time is given in ms:

Process	Burst Time
P0	10
P1	4
P2	8
P3	6

Draw four Gantt charts illustrating the execution of these processes using FCFS, SJF, and RR (quantum=2) scheduling. Also calculate waiting time and turnaround time for each scheduling algorithms.

13. (a) Consider the following snapshot of a system: CO2-App (16)

	0 1	2			
Process	Allocation	n Max	Available		
	A B C D	A B C D	A B C D		
P0	0012	0 0 1 2	1520		
P1	$1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0$	1750			
P2	1354	2356			
P3	0632	0652			
P4	0014	0656			

Answer the following questions using the banker's algorithm:

a. What is the content of the matrix *Need*? Is the system in a safe state?

b. If a request from process P1 arrives for (0, 4, 2, 0), can the request be granted immediately?

Or

(b) Given six memory partitions of 300 KB, 600 KB, 350 KB, 200 CO2-App (16) KB, 750 KB, and 125 KB (in order), how would the first-fit, best-fit, and worst-fit algorithms place processes of size 115 KB, 500 KB, 358 KB, 200 KB, and 375 KB (in order)? Rank the algorithms in terms of how efficiently they use memory.

14. (a) Consider the following page reference string CO2-App (16) 7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1

How many page faults would occur for the following replacement algorithms, assuming three frame sthat all frames are initially empty?

(i) LRU page replacement.

(ii) FIFO page replacement

(iii) Optimal page replacement

Or

(b) Consider a system with 80% hit ratio, 50 Nano-seconds time to CO2-App (16) search the associative registers, 750 Nano-seconds time to access memory.

Find the time to access a page

(i) When the page number is in associative memory

- (ii) When the time to access a page when not in associative memory.
- (iii) Find the effective memory access time.
- 15. (a) Explain the disk scheduling algorithms in detail with example CO1-U (16)

(b) Why rotational latency is usually not considered in disk CO1-U (16) scheduling?How would you modify SSTF, SCAN, and C-SCAN to include latency optimization?.

U3804