Question Paper Code: 53021

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2023

Third Semester

Civil Engineering

15UMA321- Transforms and Partial Differential Equations (Common to MECH, ECE, EEE, EIE, CHEM, AGRI, BME)

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

1.	Identify b_n in the expansion of x^2 as a Fourier series in (- π , $\pi).$	CO1- R

(a) 0(b)1(c) -1(d) 2

If f(x) is an odd function defined in $(-\ell,\ell)$, list the values of a_0 and a_n ? CO1-R

(a) $a_0 = 1$, $a_n = 1$ (b) $a_0 = 0$, $a_n = 0$ (c) $a_0 = 0$, $a_n = 1$ (d) $a_0 = 1$, $a_n = 0$

Identify the Fourier Cosine transform of e^{-x} CO2-R

(a)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{1}{1+s^2} \right]$$
 (b) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{1}{a^2+s^2} \right]$ (c) $\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{1+s^2} \right]$

Examine a function which is self reciprocal under Fourier Transform. 4.

CO2-R

 $(a)\frac{1}{x}$ (b) $\frac{1}{v^2}$ (c) $-\frac{1}{y}$ $(d)\frac{1}{\sqrt{v}}$

5. Identify Z [aⁿ] CO₃- R

(a) $\frac{z}{z-a}$ (b) $\frac{z}{z+a}$ (c) $\frac{z-a}{z}$ $(d)^{\frac{z+a}{z}}$

6. Identify $Z[\sin \frac{n\pi}{2}]$. CO₃- R

(a) $\frac{z}{z^2-1}$ (b) $\frac{-z}{z^2+1}$ (c) $\frac{-z}{z^2-1}$ $(d) \frac{z}{z^2+1}$ 7. Identify the complementary function of $(D^2 - 4DD' + 3D^{12})Z = 0$. CO4- R

(a) $\phi_1(y+x) + \phi_2(y+3x)$ (b) $\phi_1(y+x) - \phi_2(y+3x)$

(c) $\phi_2(y+2x) + \phi_1(y+x)$ (d) $\phi_1(y-x) - \phi_2(y+3x)$

8. Examine the complete integral of $z = px + qy + p^2q^2$. CO4- R

 $(a)z = ax + by + a^2b^2$ $(b)z = ax - by - a^2b^2$

(c) $z = ax - by + a^2b^2$ (d) $z = ax - by - a^2$

9. Identify the partial differential equation of 3uxx+4uxy+3uy-2ux=0. CO5- R

(a) Elliptic (b) Parabolic (c) Hyperbolic (d) None of these

10. The ends A & B of a rod of length 10cm have their temperature kept at CO5-R 20°C and 70°C. Examine the steady state temperature distribution on the rod.

(a) 5x+20 (b) 7x+10 (c) 2x+20 (d) 7x-10

 $PART - B (5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

11. List the Dirichlet's conditions on Fourier series. CO1- R

12. If F(s) is the Fourier Transform of f(x). Identify $F[f(x-a)] = e^{ias} F(s)$.

13. Identify $z(n) = \frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$, |z| > 1.

14. Identify the difference equation by eliminating arbitrary constants for, $y = A2^n + Bn$.

15. List the three possible solutions for Two dimensional heat equation. CO5- R

 $PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

16. (a) (i) Illustrate the Fourier Series of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 2\pi - x, & \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$ and deduce $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots + \infty = \frac{\pi^2}{8}.$ (8)

(ii) Apply the Fourier Series of $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ in the interval 0< CO1- App (8) x < 3.

Or

(b) (i) Illustrate the cosine series for the function
$$f(x) = x(\pi - x) \text{ in } (0, \pi) \text{ and hence deduce that}$$

$$\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$$

CO1- App (8)

CO1- App

(8)

(ii) Solve the first two harmonic of the Fourier series from the following data

X	0	π/3	$2\pi/3$	π	$4\pi/3$	$5\pi/3$	2π
Y	1.0	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0

- 17. (a) (i) Illustrate the Fourier Transform of f(x) if CO2-App (8) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 |x|, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ and hence deduce the value of
 - $(1) \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin t}{t}\right)^2 dt$ $(2) \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin^4 t}{t^4}\right) dt$
 - (ii) Show that CO2- App (8)

 $e^{\frac{-x^2}{2}}$ is self -reciprocal under Fourier Transform.

Or

 $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2+a^2)(x^2+b^2)}$ using Fourier Transforms.

 $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(a^2 + x^2)^2}$ using transform method.

18. (a) (i) Infer
$$Z[r^n cosn\theta]$$
 and $Z[r^n sinn\theta]$. CO3- Ana (8)

 $\frac{8z^2}{(2z-1)(4z-1)}$ using Convolution theorem.

Or

- (b) (i) If CO3- Ana (8) $U(z) = \frac{2z^2 + 5z + 14}{(z-1)^2}, \text{ point out } u_2 \text{ and } u_3.$
 - (ii) Analyze the equation y(n + 3) 3y(n + 1) + 2y(n) = 0 CO3- Ana (8) given that y(0)=4, y(1)=0, y(2)=8.
- 19. (a) (i) Interpret the PDE by eliminating the arbitrary functions CO4- Ana (8) $f \text{ and } \varphi \text{ from } z = xf\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + y \phi(x).$
 - (ii) Interpret $(x^2 yz)p + (y^2 zx)q = z^2 xy$. CO4- Ana (8)
 Or
 - (b) (i) Analyze $z = px + qy + p^2 q^2$. CO4- Ana (8) (ii) Analyze $(D^3 - 7DD^2 - 6D^3)Z = \sin(x+2y) + e^{3x+y}$. CO4- Ana (8)
- 20. (a) A string is stretched and fastened to points x = 0 and x = l apart. CO5-U
 Motion is started by displacing the string into the form
 y = k(lx x²) from which it is released at time t = 0. Interpret
 the displacement of any point on the string at a distance of x from one end at time t.

Or

(b) An infinitely long rectangular plate with insulated surfaces is CO5-U 10cm wide. The two long edges and one short edge are kept at 0° C, while the other short edge $x = \Box 0$ is kept at temperature $u = \begin{cases} 20y & , & 0 \le y \le 5 \\ 20(10-y) & , & 5 \le y \le 10 \end{cases}$ Interpret the steady state temperature at any point in the plate.