С		Reg. No. :						
Question Paper Code: 93305								
	B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2023							
	Third Semester							
	Computer Science Engineering							
	19UCS305–OPERATING SYSTEMS							
		(Regul	ation 2019))				
Dura	ation: Three hours				Μ	laximur	n: 100 Mark	(S
		Answer A	LL Questic	ons				
		PART A - (:	$5 \ge 1 = 5 M$	arks)				
1.	Multiprocessor system hav	ve advantage of					CC	01 - R
	(a) Increased Throughput		(b) se	rial clus	sters			
	(c) operating system		(d) m	ulti-tasl	king			
2.	What is inter process com	munication?					CO1-	R
	(a) communication within	the process						
	(b) communication betwee	en two process						
	(c) communication betwee	en two threads o	f same proc	ess				
	(d) none of the mentioned							
	()							
3.	Identify either the request Relocation register:10251	ed physical addr		s a valic	l address	or not,	CO2- App)
3.	Identify either the request	ed physical addr).		l address d address		CO2- App)
3.	Identify either the request Relocation register:10251	ed physical addr). (b) Invali		5	CO2- App)
3.	Identify either the request Relocation register:10251 (a) Valid address	ed physical addr imit register:25(). (b (d) Invali) None	d address of the ab	5))2- R
	Identify either the requester Relocation register:10251 (a) Valid address (c) CPU cannot predict	ed physical addr imit register:25(). (b) (d) ritical sectio) Invali) None on probl	d address of the ab	s ove	CC	
	Identify either the requester Relocation register:10251 (a) Valid address (c) CPU cannot predict Semaphore is a/an	ed physical addr imit register:25(). (b (d ritical section (b)) Invali) None on probl) specia	d address of the ab em.	ove n for a :	CC	
	Identify either the requester Relocation register:10251 (a) Valid address (c) CPU cannot predict Semaphore is a/an (a) hardware for a system	ed physical addr imit register:250 _ to solve the ci). (b) (d) ritical section (b) (d)) Invali) None on probl) specia) none o	d address of the ab em. l prograr of the me	ove n for a sontioned	CC system I	

		PART – B (5 x 3= 15 Marks)			
6.	List the advantage of multiprocessor system?				
7.	Differentiate primitive and non-primitive scheduling.			CO1- U	
8.	What is process synchronization?				
9.	Define mutual exclusion in critical section problem C				
10.	Å				
		PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)			
11.	(a)	Define system call. Explain various types of system calls. Or	CO1- U	(16)	
	(b)	Discuss in detail about various operating system services.	CO1- U	(16)	
12.	(a)	Explain in detail about inter processor communication Or	CO2- U	(16)	
	(b)	Explain the types of threads	CO2- U	(16)	
13.	(a)	The order of pages needed is given identify the page fault of the following algorithms. (i) FIFO (ii) Optimal (iii) LRU Pages needed: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3 0 Page frame is 3 Or		(16)	
	(b)	The order of pages needed is given identify the page fault of the following algorithms. (i) FIFO (ii) Optimal Pages needed: 1 2 3 2 1 5 2 1 6 2 5 6 3 1 3 6 1 2 4 3 Page frame is 4	CO4- App	(16)	

14. (a) The operating system contains 3 resources, the number of instance CO5- App (16) of each resource type are 7,7,10. The current resource allocation state is as shown below.

	Current Allocation			Maximum			
Process				Need			
	R1	R2	R3	R1	R2	R3	
P1	2	2	3	3	6	8	
P2	2	0	3	4	3	3	
P3	1	2	4	3	4	4	

Is the current allocation in a safe state?

- (b) What is deadlock? What are the necessary conditions for deadlock CO5-U (16) to occur? Explain the deadlock prevention method of handling deadlock.
- 15. (a) Suppose that a disk drive has 5000 cylinders, numbered 0 through CO6- App (16) 4999. The drive is serving a request at cylinder 143. The queue of pending requests, in FIFO order is 86, 1470, 913, 1774, 948, 1509, 1022, 1750, 130. Starting from the head position what is the total distance (in cylinders) that the disk arm moves to satisfy all the pending requests for each of the following disk-scheduling algorithms? FCFS, SSTF, SCAN.
 - Or

Or

(b) On a disk with 1000 cylinders, numbers 0to 999, compute the CO6-App (16) number of tracks the disk arm must move to satisfy the entire request in the disk queue. Assume the last received was at track 345 and the head is moving towards track 0. The queue in FIFO order contains requests for the following tracks. 123, 874, 692, 475, 105 and 376. Find the seek length for the following scheduling algorithm.

(1) SSTF (2) LOOK (3) C-LOOK