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Question Paper Code: R9202

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2025

Professional Elective

Chemical Engineering

R21CHV202 – RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES

(Regulations 2021)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- Which of the following is a type of coal with the highest carbon content? CO1-U
(a) Peat (b) Lignite (c) Bituminous (d) Anthracite
- Shale oil is primarily extracted from: CO1-U
(a) Deep-sea deposits (b) Tar sands
(c) Oil shale's (d) Natural gas reserves
- Which process is used to release energy in nuclear power plants?
(a) fusion (b) fission (c) combustion (d) evaporation
- What is the main fuel used in most nuclear fission reactors? CO1-U
(a) Uranium-235 (b) Plutonium-238
(c) Thorium-232 (d) Deuterium
- Which method is commonly used for isolating industrially important microorganisms? CO1-U
(a) Exact yield of product (b) Presence of desirable traits
(c) Chemical structure of product (d) Genetic sequence
- Which method is commonly used for isolating industrially important microorganisms? CO1-U
(a) Gram staining (b) Streak plate method
(c) Western blot (d) ELISA

7. Which energy source uses heat from inside the Earth to generate power? CO1-U
 (a) Solar energy (b) Geothermal energy
 (c) Ocean thermal energy (d) Biomass energy
8. The main source of geothermal energy is: CO1-U
 (a) Sunlight (b) Earth's internal heat (c) Tidal waves (d) Fossil fuels
9. Energy forecasting helps in: CO1-U
 (a) Predicting future energy needs (b) Increasing fuel cost
 (c) Reducing efficiency (d) Increasing pollution
10. Which is the main objective of energy planning? CO1-U
 (a) Increase energy wastage (b) Ensure reliable supply
 (c) Reduce energy efficiency (d) Increase emissions

PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)

11. Define the term 'bituminous coal' and list its major uses. CO1- U
12. Outline the main differences between a fission reactor and a fusion reactor. CO1- U
13. Outline the main components required in a renewable energy-based power plant. CO1- U
14. Build a simple block diagram of an ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) system. CO1- U
15. Analyze the relationship between energy demand forecasting and industrial production planning. CO5-Ann

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

16. (a) Classify the different types of coal based on their carbon content and energy value. CO1-U (16)
 Or
 (b) Explain how coal classification helps in choosing the right coal for different industries. CO1-U (16)
17. (a) Compare and contrast at least two types of nuclear reactors, showing their working principles and main uses. CO2-U (16)
 Or
 (b) Outline the main biomass energy resources and explain their importance in sustainable energy production. CO2-U (16)

18. (a) Explain how energy is generated in a hydroelectric power system, and illustrate it with a simple diagram. CO2-U (16)
- Or
- (b) Classify the three main types of renewable energy sources used for power generation: hydro, wind, and solar. CO2-U (16)
19. (a) Classify the different types of geothermal power plants and discuss their working principles. CO2-U (16)
- Or
- (b) Analyze the working principles, advantages, and limitations of dry steam, flash steam, and binary cycle geothermal plants. CO2-U (16)
20. (a) Classify different methods of energy forecasting and explain their relevance in industrial planning. CO1-U (16)
- Or
- (b) Explain the working principle of a heat pipe and its role in energy conservation. CO1-U (16)

