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**Question Paper Code: R2P03**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2025

Second Semester

Civil Engineering

R21UPH203 - MATERIAL PHYSICS

(Regulations R2021)

(Common to Mech, Agri and Chemical Engineering branches)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

PART - A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Calculate the interplanar distance for (321) plane in SC lattice with  $a = 4.12 \times 10^{-10}$  m CO3-App  
(a)  $2.20 \times 10^{-10}$  m      (b)  $1.01 \times 10^{-10}$  m      (c)  $2.30 \times 10^{-10}$  m      (d)  $3.20 \times 10^{-10}$  m
2. A particular metal has a simple cubic unit cell. How many atoms of the metal are in each unit cell? CO3-App  
(a) 1      (b) 4      (c) 6      (d) 2
3. Rainbow is formed due to CO2- U  
(a) scattering & refraction      (b) dispersion  
(c) reflection only      (d) None of these
4. Which of the following is the unique property of laser CO2- U  
(a) Monochromatic      (b) directionality      (c) coherence      (d) all of them
5. Choose the least thermal conductivity from the following? CO1- U  
(a) Air      (b) Diamond      (c) Water      (d) Iron
6. When water is kept in a very hot pan, the entire water heats up. Which mode of heat transfer is responsible for this? CO1- U  
(a) Conduction      (b) Convection  
(c) Radiation      (d) Convection along with radiation
7. Sound waves with frequencies above 20 kHz are called CO2- U  
(a) Ultrasonic      (b) Supersonic      (c) audible      (d) None of these

8. Echo of sound is more prominent if surface is \_\_\_\_\_ CO2- U  
 (a) Elastic (b) rigid (c) non-rigid (d) None of these
9. The conductivity of a nanowire much less than that of the corresponding bulk CO2- U  
 material due to scattering from \_\_\_\_\_  
 (a) grains (b) boundaries  
 (c) both grains and boundaries (d) None of these
10. Which one of the following is an example of zero-dimensional nanostructure? CO1- U  
 (a) Nanoparticles (b) Nanorods  
 (c) Nanotubes (d) All of the above

PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)

11. A unit cell has the dimensions  $a=b=c = 4.74 \text{ \AA}$  and  $\alpha=\beta=\gamma=60^\circ$ . What is its CO1- U  
 crystal structure.
12. State Snell's law of refraction. CO2- U
13. Mention the Kelvin-Planck statement of the second law. CO1- U
14. What are the different methods for the detection of ultrasonic waves? CO2- U
15. Define Quantum confinement. CO1- U

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

16. (a) Determine the number of atoms per unit cell, coordination CO3-App (16)  
 number, atomic radius and packing factor FCC lattice.  
 Or  
 (b) Obtain the HCP structure and show that the packing factor of the CO3-App (16)  
 HCP is 0.74.
17. (a) Explain the formation of interference fringes in an air-wedge CO2- U (16)  
 shaped film. How is the thickness of the wire determined by this  
 method?  
 Or  
 (b) Explain the modes of vibrations of CO<sub>2</sub> molecule. Describe the CO2- U (16)  
 construction and working of CO<sub>2</sub> laser with necessary diagrams.
18. (a) Derive the efficiency of a Carnot engine in terms of source and CO4-App (16)  
 sink temperatures.

Or

- (b) Discuss how the e.m.f. of a thermocouple is measured experimentally using Seebeck effect. Estimate the e.m.f of a thermocouple when working between  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Its neutral temperature is  $300^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the values of  $a$  and  $b$  are  $14.4 \times 10^{-6}$  and  $-2.8 \times 10^{-8}$ . CO4-App (16)

19. (a) Using Sabine's formula, how the sound absorption coefficient of a material is determined. CO5-App (16)

Or

- (b) State the acoustic requirements of a good auditorium. Explain how these requirements can be achieved. CO5-App (16)

20. (a) Explain two important techniques that are used to produce metallic glass. CO1- U (16)

Or

- (b) Describe carbon nanotubes (CNT) and explain their properties and applications of the CNT. CO1- U (16)

