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**Question Paper Code:R2Y05**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2025

Second Semester

R21UCY205- APPLIED CHEMISTRY FOR ENGINEERS

(Common to CSE,IT,CSD,AI&DS,CSE(AI&ML),Cyber Security & IOT branches)

(Regulation R2021)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer All Physics

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- Lateral overlapping of atomic orbitals results in \_\_\_\_\_ bond formation. CO1- U  
(a)  $\Pi$  (b) ionic (c)  $\sigma$  (d) none of these
- The bond angle between the  $sp^2$  hybrid orbitals is \_\_\_\_\_. CO1- U  
(a)  $90^\circ$  (b)  $180^\circ$  (c)  $120^\circ$  (d)  $109^\circ 29'$
- The chemical name for calgon is \_\_\_\_\_. CO1- U  
(a) sodium phosphate (b) calcium hydroxide  
(c) magnesium chloride (d) sodium hexa meta phosphate
- Sea water contains \_\_\_\_\_ ppm of dissolved solids. CO1- U  
(a)  $>1000$  (b)  $< 1000$  (c)  $>35000$  (d)  $< 35000$
- Liquid crystals have \_\_\_\_\_ order. CO1- U  
(a) Orientation (b) position (c) both a and b (d) none of above
- Thermotropic liquid crystals have shown LC phases in \_\_\_\_\_. CO1- U  
(a) Liquid state (b) Solid state (c) Molten state (d) Gaseous state
- method produce green energy. CO1- U  
(a) Solar (b) OTEC (c) Wind (d) All the above
- Which one is not an e-waste? CO1- U  
(a) Remote (b) Head phone (c) Computer (d) plastic

9. Which of the following battery is rechargeable \_\_\_\_\_? CO1- U  
 (a) Primary (b) Secondary (c) Flow (d) Dry cell
10. The byproduct produced in H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> fuel cell is \_\_\_\_\_. CO1- U  
 (a) H<sub>2</sub> (b) O<sub>2</sub> (c) H<sub>2</sub>O (d) CO<sub>2</sub>

PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)

11. Write the electronic configuration of calcium and Copper. CO3-Ap
12. Analyze the zeolite process cannot be used for treating turbid and acidic water. CO5-An
13. Comment the Shape memory alloys. CO1-U
14. What is meant by Xenobiotic and Endogenous substances? CO1-U
15. Point out the important of storage battery for new generation? CO4-Ap

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

16. (a) How does a chemical bond formed? Explain the types of CO3-Ap (16)  
 chemical bonds in NaCl and H<sub>2</sub> molecule.  
 Or
- (b) Identify the types of hybridization in methane, ethylene and CO3-Ap (16)  
 acetylene and explain the reason.
17. (a) Identify the method for the removal of cations and anions of hard CO5-An (16)  
 water? Discuss the various steps involved with suitable diagram.  
 Or
- (b) (i) A sample of water is found to contain 16.8 mg/L of CO5-An (16)  
 Mg(HCO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, 12 mg/L of MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 29.6 mg/L of MgSO<sub>4</sub> and 5.0  
 mg/L of NaCl. Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness.  
 (ii) Calculate the carbonate and non-carbonate hardness of a  
 sample water containing the dissolved salts given (in mg/L)  
 Mg(HCO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, = 14.6, MgCl<sub>2</sub> = 9.5, Ca(HCO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, = 16.2, MgSO<sub>4</sub>,  
 = 6.0, and NaCl = 50.  
 (At. wt of Ca, Mg, O, C, Cl, S, H are 40,24,16,12,35.5,32 and 1)
18. (a) Explain the working principle with neat diagram and applications CO2-U (16)  
 of OLED device.  
 Or
- (b) What is meant by Shape Memory Alloys? Explain the different CO2-U (16)  
 type of Shape memory Alloys with the elements.

19. (a) Discuss the twelve principles of Green chemistry. CO2-U (16)  
Or  
(b) Write e-waste management techniques known to you. Briefly explain three methods of e-waste disposal. CO2-U (16)
20. (a) Compare the dry cell and lead acid battery with neat diagram. Mention its advantages and disadvantages. CO4-AP (16)  
Or  
(b) Briefly discuss the H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> fuel cell and give its application, advantages and disadvantages. CO4-AP (16)

