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**Question Paper Code: 97702**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024

Seventh Semester

Mechanical Engineering

19UME702 – FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

(Regulation 2019)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- \_\_\_\_\_ is a Numerical method for solving problems of Engineering and mathematical physics. CO1- U  
(a) Finite Element Analysis (b) Finite Element Method  
(c) Both (a) & (b) (d) none of the above
- The art of subdividing a structure into a convenient number of smaller element is known as..... CO1- U  
(a) Non – Structural Problems (b) Structural Problems  
(c) Discretization of structure (d) None of the above
- \_\_\_\_\_ is a force acting at a particular point which causes displacement. CO1- U  
(a) Traction force (b) Body force (c) Point load (d) None of the above
- Assemblage of bars is called\_\_\_\_\_. CO1- U  
(a) Truss (b) Beams (c) Spring (d) None of the above
- Linear Strain Triangular Element has \_\_\_\_\_ number of nodes. CO1- U  
(a) 3 (b)6 (c)12 (d) 24
- In plane strain analysis CO1- U  
(a)  $\rho_z = 0$  (b)  $\gamma_{xz} = 0$  (c)  $\gamma_{yz} = 0$  (d) All of the above
- A motion which repeats itself after equal interval of time is called CO1- U  
(a) Cycle (b) Frequency (c) Counter flow (d) Damping

- 8 The causes of vibration is/are CO1- U  
 (a) Winds (b) Earthquakes (c) Elastic Nature (d) All of the above
- 9 In non-structural problems \_\_\_\_\_ at each nodal point is obtained CO1- U  
 (a) Displacement (b) Temperature (c) Stress (d) Strain
- 10 \_\_\_\_\_ is imaginary line that connects a series of points CO1- U  
 (a) Path Line (b) Stream Line (c) Inviscid Flow (d) None of the above

PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

- 11 Explain the Aspect Ratio. CO1- U
- 12 Explain Degrees of freedom. CO1- U
- 13 Write down the stress-strain relationship matrix for plane strain condition. CO1- U
- 14 State difference between Direct and Iterative methods for solving system of equations. CO1- U
- 15 Write down the expression for stiffness matrix in 2D fluid mechanics. CO1- U

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

- 16 (a) The following differential equation is available for a physical phenomenon CO2- App (16)

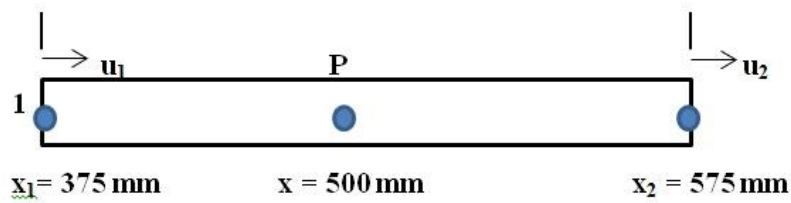
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 10x^2 = 5; \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

with boundary conditions as  $y(0) = 0$  and  $y(1) = 0$

By using Galerkins method of weighted residuals to find an approximate solution of the above different equation and also compare with exact solution.

Or

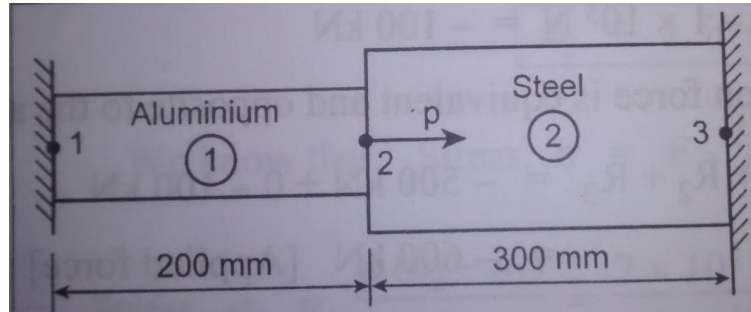
- (b) A simply supported beam subjected to Uniformly Distributed Load over entire span. Analyze the bending moment and deflection at mid-span by using Rayleigh Ritz method and compare with exact solution. CO4- App (16)
- 17 (a) Consider a bar as shown in figure. Cross-sectional area of the bar is **750mm<sup>2</sup>** and Young's Modulus is **2 X 10<sup>5</sup> N/mm<sup>2</sup>**. If **u<sub>1</sub>=0.5mm** and **u<sub>2</sub> = 0.625mm**, calculate the following: CO2- App (16)
- (i) Displacement at point, P  
 (ii) Strain,  $\epsilon$   
 (iii) Stress,  $\sigma$   
 (iv) Strain Energy, U  
 (v) Element Stiffness Matrix [K]



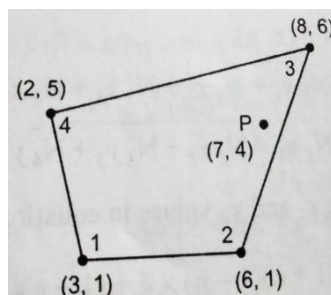
Or

- (b) An axial load of  $4 \times 10^5 \text{ N}$  is applied at  $30^\circ\text{C}$  to the rod as shown in the figure. The temperature is then raised to  $60^\circ\text{C}$ . Calculate the following: CO2- App (16)

- (i) Assemble the **K** and **F** matrices
- (ii) Nodal Displacements
- (iii) Stresses in each material
- (iv) Reactions at each nodal point



- 18 (a) For the Isoparametric quadrilateral element shown in figure, determine the local co-ordinates of the point P which has **Cartesian co-ordinates (7,4)**. CO2- App (16)

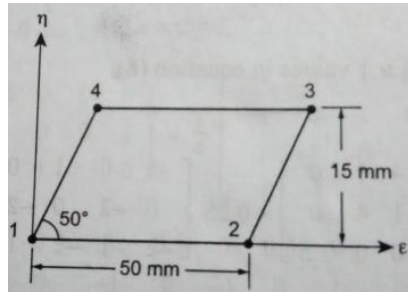


Or

- (b) Consider a quadrilateral element as shown in figure. The co-ordinates CO2- App (16)

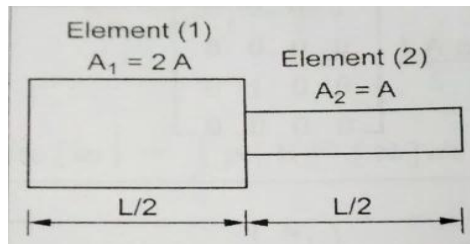
are  $\xi=0.5$  and  $\eta=0.5$ . Evaluate

- (i) Jacobian Matrix
- (ii) Strain-Displacement Matrix.



Or

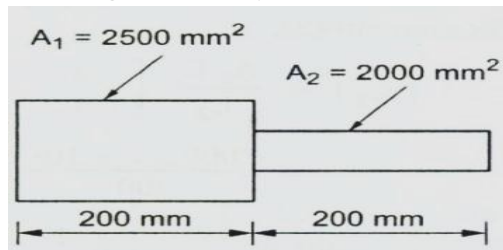
- 19 (a) Compare the **natural frequencies** of longitudinal vibration of the CO4- Ana (16) unconstrained stepped bar as shown in the figure.



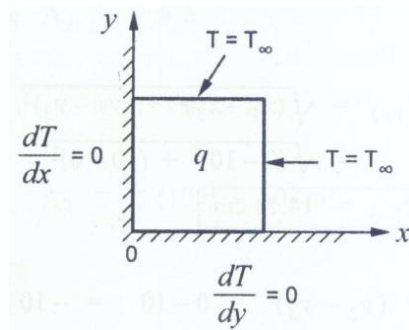
Or

- (b) Compare the eigen values and frequencies for the stepped bar as CO4- Ana (16) shown in the figure.

Take, **Young's modulus**  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  
**Unit weight Density**  $= 0.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N/mm}^3$



- 20 (a) Evaluate the temperature distribution in a square region with CO6- App (16) uniform energy generation as shown in figure. Assume that there is no temperature variation in the z-direction. Take  $k=30\text{W/cm}^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $l=10\text{cm}$ ,  $T_\infty=50^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $q=100\text{W/cm}^3$ .



Or

- (b) A steel rod of diameter **d= 2 cm**, Length **L=5 cm** and thermal conductivity **k = 50W/m°C** is exposed at one end to a constant temperature of **320°C**. The other end is in ambient air of temperature **20°C** with a convection coefficient of **h = 100 W/m<sup>2</sup>°C**. Evaluate the temperature at the midpoint of the rod. CO6- App (16)

