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Question Paper Code: 95704

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024

Fifth Semester

Mechanical Engineering

19UME504– MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regulation 2019)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. The ease with which observations can be made accurately is referred to as CO1- U
(a) readability (b) sensitivity (c) accuracy (d) precision
2. The maximum amount by which the result differs from the true value is called CO1- U
(a) Correction (b) discrepancy (c) error (d) all of the above
3. Optical flats are made of CO2- U
(a) Quartz (b) glass (c) plastic (d) steel
4. The two slip gauges in precision measurement are joined by CO2- U
(a) assembling (b) sliding (c) adhesion (d) wringing
5. What is the first and the foremost step in image processing CO1- U
(a) Image restoration (b) Image enhancement
(c) Image acquisition (d) Segmentation
6. Which of the following is the most important element for stabilizing machine vision inspections in almost all applications? CO4- U
(a) Processing speed (b) Illumination (c) High-resolution (d) Above all

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| 7. | Piezoelectric load cell are used for measurement in-motion weigh bridges and the principle employed is | CO5- U |
| | (a) conversion of pressure into change of resistance | |
| | (b) conversion of pressure into generation of electrical signal | |
| | (c) conversion of pressure into change of inductance | |
| | (d) conversion of pressure into change of capacitance | |
| 8. | A force can be measured by help of | CO5- U |
| | (a) Force meter (b) spring balance (c) both a and b (d) pane balance | |
| 9. | Which of the following cannot be considered as data in Data Acquisition System (DAQ)? | CO1- U |
| | (a) Temperature (b) Mechanical displacement | |
| | (c) Flow rate (d) None of the above | |
| 10 | Which one is not the type of proximity sensors | CO1- U |
| | (a) Eddy current sensor (b) Inductive sensor | |
| | (c) Hall effect sensor (d) Capacitive sensor | |

PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)

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| 11 | Define sensitivity | CO1- U |
| 12 | What are the advantages of pneumatic comparator?. | CO2- U |
| 13 | What is coordinate measuring machine? | CO3- U |
| 14 | Why flow measurement is important? | CO4- U |
| 15 | What is mean by tactile sensor? | CO5- R |

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

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| 16 | (a) Explain the various systematic and random errors in measurements | CO1-U | (16) |
| | Or | | |
| | (b) Explain Generalized measuring system with neat sketch. | CO1-U | (16) |
| 17 | (a) With neat sketch explain the construction and working principle of differential pneumatic comparator | CO2-U | (16) |
| | Or | | |
| | (b) With neat diagram explain the construction and working principle of depth micrometer? | CO2-U | (16) |

- 18 (a) List and explain the various types of CMM CO3-U (16)
Or
(b) How is CMM used for measuring distance between holes? CO3-U (16)
19. (a) Discuss with neat diagram on using a proving ring to measure force. CO4-U (16)
Or
(b) Explain the construction and working of an orifice meter CO4-U (16)
20. (a) Explain the Sensors for Displacement and Position CO5-U (16)
Or
(b) Write the construction and working principle of engine management system CO5-U| (16)

