Dag Na .						
Reg. No. :						
8						

Question Paper Code: U3405

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024

Fourth Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

21UEE405-ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regulations 2021)

Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer All Questions

PART A - $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$							
Classify the types of errors.							
Outline the block diagram of functional elements of measurement system							
Classify the types of instruments used as ammeter and voltmeter							
. List out the advantages of MI instruments							
Outline the circuit diagram of Schering bridge							
A Wheatstone bridge consists of the following parameters. R1=12K Ω , R2 = 16K Ω and R3 = 42K Ω . Find the unknown resistance R4.							
. Classify the different methods of magnetic tape recording.							
Enumerate the merits and demerits of pulse width modulation recording.							
9. A basic step of a 9 bit is 10.4mV. If 000000000 represents 0V, What output is produced if the output is 101101111?							
0. List the different types of Transducer.							
PART – B (5 x 16= 80 Marks)							
(a) Explain the different types of calibration of measuring CO1-instruments	U (16)						
Or	II (16)						
	Classify the types of errors. Outline the block diagram of functional elements of measurement system Classify the types of instruments used as ammeter and voltmeter List out the advantages of MI instruments Outline the circuit diagram of Schering bridge A Wheatstone bridge consists of the following parameters. R1=12K Ω , R2 = 16K Ω and R3 = 42K Ω . Find the unknown resistance R4. Classify the different methods of magnetic tape recording. Enumerate the merits and demerits of pulse width modulation recording. A basic step of a 9 bit is 10.4mV. If 0000000000 represents 0V, What output is produced if the output is 101101111? List the different types of Transducer. $PART - B (5 \times 16=80 \text{ Marks})$ (a) Explain the different types of calibration of measuring CO1-instruments						

(b) If a set of six observations are as follows: 2V, 3V, 1.5V, 5V, 2V, CO1- U (16) 4.5V. Calculate the arithmetic mean, average deviation.

12. (a) With a neat diagram explain the construction and working of CO1-U (16)Moving iron Attraction type instruments (b) Explain the construction and working of PMMC instruments. CO1- U (16)Derive the equation for deflection. 13. (a) A Maxwell bridge is used to measure an inductive impedance. CO2- App (16)The bridge constants at balance are: R1=200K Ω , C1=0.015 μ F, R2=3 K Ω , R3=60 K Ω . Find the series equivalent of the unknown impedance. Or (b) Explain the circuit of Maxwell bridge used for measurement of CO2- App (16)inductance. Derive the condition for balance. 14. (a) Explain the in detail about Direct recording method used in CO1-U (16)magnetic tape with a neat sketch. Or (b) Categorize the different types of printing methodology used for CO1- U (16)printing the documents onto the paper. 15. (a) Explain the in detail about types of transducers and selection of CO1- U (16)transducers for any applications. Or (b) Explain the construction and working of RTD with a neat sketch. CO1-U (16)