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Question Paper Code: U5101

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024

Fifth Semester

Civil Engineering

21UCE501 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS II

(Regulations 2021)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

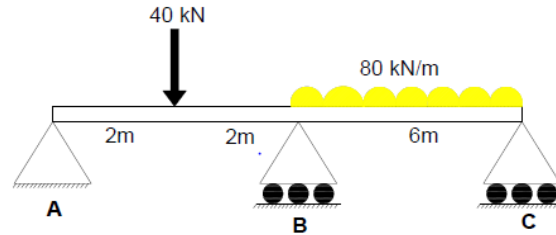
PART A - (5 x 1 = 5Marks)

1. Shape factor for a rhombus section is CO1- U
(a) 1.5 (b) 2.346 (c) 1.697 (d) 2
2. The basic unknowns of matrix stiffness method is CO1- U
(a) Redundant forces (b) Displacements (c) Real forces (d) Moments
3. The inverse of flexibility matrix is CO1- U
(a) Flexibility matrix (b) Adjacent of flexibility matrix
(c) Transformation matrix (d) Stiffness matrix
4. Beams curved in plan are mainly subjected to CO1- U
(a) Shear (b) Bending moment
(c) Twisting Moment (d) Shear, Bending & Twisting Moment
5. The lateral deflection of a frame is called as..... CO1- U
(a) Buckling (b) Sinking (c) Sway (d) Bending

PART – B (5 x 3= 15Marks)

6. Find the depth of actual neutral axis of the T section having the following CO2-App
dimensions
Top flange : 100mm x 10mm; Web : 10mm x 120mm
7. List out the properties of the Stiffness matrix. CO1-U

8. Determine the fixed end moments for the continuous beam loaded as shown in fig. CO3-App



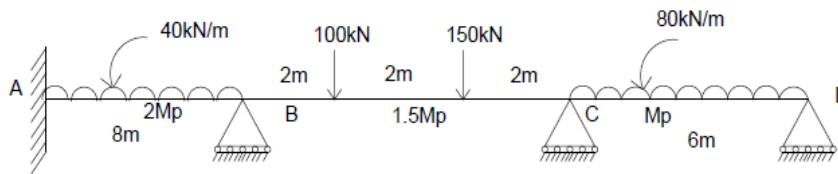
9. Calculate the vertical & horizontal reactions in a cable carrying a load of 10 kN/m of horizontal span of 80m. The supports are at the same level and the central dip is 4m. CO4-Ana
10. List out the various forces are acting in a portal frames. CO1-U

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

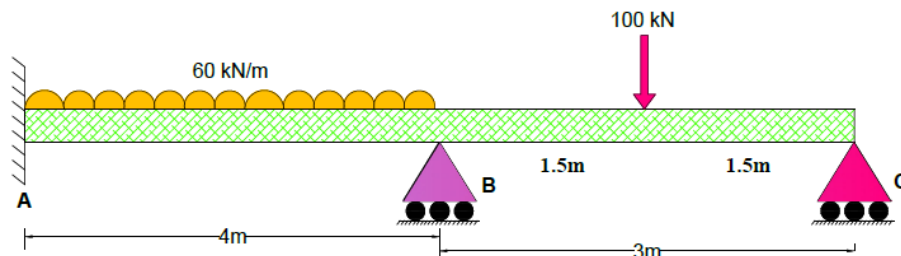
11. (a) Establish the collapse mechanism and calculate the collapse moment for the portal frame ABCD with hinged feet has stanchions 4m high and a beam of 6m span. There is a horizontal point load of 40kN at B while the beam carries a point load of 120kN at mid span. Using a load factor of 1.75. Assume same plastic moment capacity for all the members. CO2-App (16)

Or

- (b) Find plastic moment of capacity of beam shown in fig. CO2-App (16)

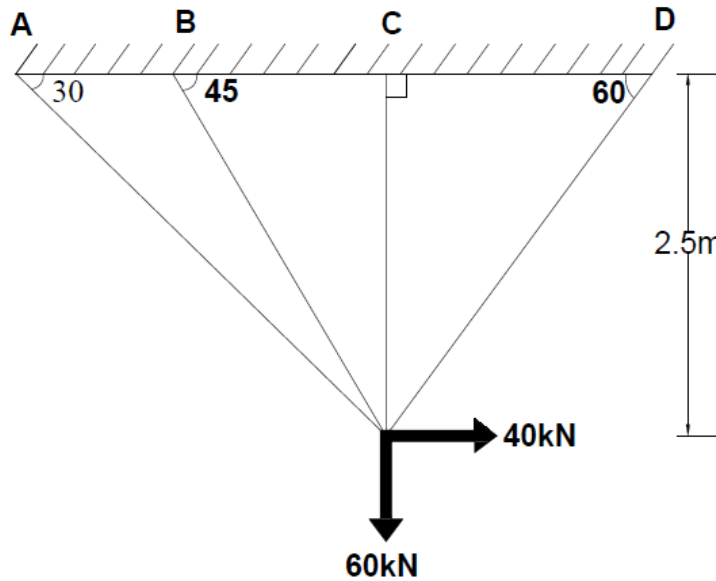


12. (a) Analyze the continuous beam loaded as shown in fig. by displacement method. Assume EI is not uniform throughout. CO4-Ana (16)



Or

- (b) Analyse the pin jointed truss as shown in fig using matrix stiffness method. Take area of cross section for all members is 1000mm^2 and modulus of elasticity is 200kN/mm^2 . CO5-Ana (16)



13. (a) Determine bending moments & support reactions for the two spans continuous beam of section is fixed at A hinged at B and C. Span AB is 4m and BC is 3m long. Span AB is loaded with uniformly distributed load of intensity 60kN/m Span BC is loaded with mid span point load of 100kN . Sketch the bending moment diagram using matrix flexibility method. CO3-App (16)

Or

- (b) A three span continuous beam of span AB is 12m, BC is 12m & CD is 12m. The following loads are acting in the spans are CO3-App (16)
1. Span AB is 40kN/m UDL
 2. Span BC is 120kN point load at distance 4m from B
 3. Span CD is 20kN/m UDL

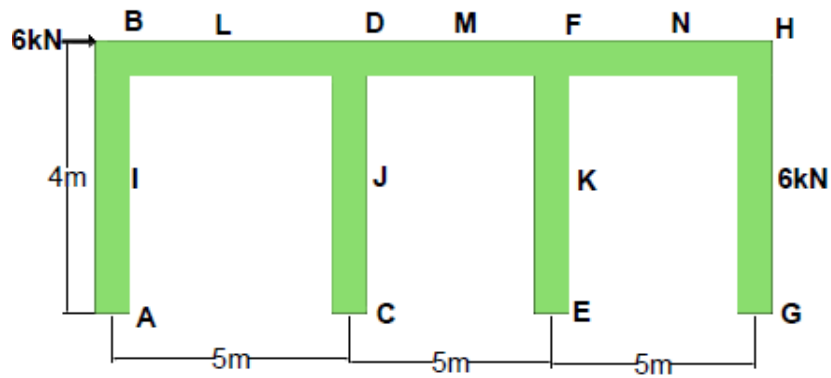
Determine the moments of the continuous beam and sketch the BMD.

14. (a) Analyse the suspension cable, having same level at supports has a span of 50 m and the maximum dip is 4 m. The cable is loaded with a UDL of 15 kN/m run over the whole span and two point loads 35 kN each at middle third points. Analyse the Maximum tension in the cable and the length of the cable CO4-Ana (16)

Or

- (b) Analyse the central dip for the suspension cable of 130 m horizontal span is supported at the same level. It is subjected to a uniformly distributed load of 28.5 kN per horizontal metre. If the maximum tension in the cable is limited to 5000 kN, CO4-Ana (16)

15. (a) Analyse (approximately) the reactions at the base of the columns of the frame shown in Fig. Use the portal method of analysis. CO5-Ana (16)



Or

- (b) Analyse the frame by portal methods and also estimate the forces acting in the members of the Warren portal shown in Fig. CO5-Ana (16)

