Keg. No. :

Question Paper Code:R3C02

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024

Third Semester

Biotechnology

R21UBT302 – ANALYTICAL METHODS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regulations R2021)

Duration: Three hours		Maximum: 100 Marks			
PART A - $(10 \text{ x } 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$					
1.	Write a short note on detection limits - LoD and LoQ	CO1	- U		
2.	Define calibration curve.	CO1	-U		
3.	State Beer – Lambert's law	CO1	-U		
4.	Give the molecular formula of hydrocarbon cation with an m/z value of 91	I. COI	-U		
5.	Why PAGE is note used for DNA?	CO1	-U		
6.	Enlist the advantages of coulometry.	CO1	- U		
7.	7. In Gel Permeation Chromatography whether the compounds with low CO3 - App molecular size moves faster than the higher size compounds. Justify the statement.				
8.	What is the principle involved affinity chromatography?	CO1	-U		
9.	List the advantages of particle induced X-ray emission.	CO1	-U		
10.	How does High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRMS) work?	CO3	-App		
	PART – B (5 x 16= 80Marks)				
11.	(a) Explain in detail about the volumetric analysis with an example.	CO1-U	(16)		
	Or				
	(b) Discuss in detail about the different methods for calibration of instruments.	CO1-U	(16)		
12.	(a) How can you do quantitative analysis using Nephelometry?	CO2-App	(16)		

- Or
- (b) In a laboratory, during the analysis, liquid samples are aspirated CO2-App (16) and introduced into the flame via spray chamber, which breaks the aspirated liquid into fine droplets. Explain the analytical method in detail
- 13. (a) You are a forensic analyst conducting a criminal investigation. CO3-Ana (16)
 You are given DNA evidence from a bloodstain at the crime scene and DNA from 3 suspects. Adopt the appropriate technique to find the criminal and justify your selection.

Or

- (b) A scientist isolates a protein from a plant tissue and is unsure of CO3-Ana (16) its identity. Based on its behavior, he suspects it may be globulins, prolamins, or glutelins. Select type of analytical technique can be helpful to identify the protein?
- 14. (a) Explain the theory involved in affinity chromatography with its CO1-U (16) applications.

Or

- (b) Explain the instrumentation of HPLC with neat diagram with CO1-U (16) more emphasis on pumps and detectors used.
- 15. (a) Can radioisotopes be used for plants? Discuss the application of CO2-App (16) isotopes and radiation in agriculture

(b) How does PIXE works? Elaborate the principle and CO2-App (16) instrumentation of PIXE.

Or