A		Reg. No. :												
Question Paper Code: R1325														
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024														
	First Semester													
	Computer Science and Business Systems													
	R21UEE125- PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING													
	(Common to AI&DS and CSE(AI&ML) Branches)													
(Regulations 2021)														
Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks							ks							
PART A - $(10 \text{ x } 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$														
1.	Kirchhoff's Voltage La	w (KVL) is based	l on th	ne pri	ncipl	e of:							CO	1- U
	(a) Conservation of cha	arge			(b) C	Conse	ervati	on of	ener	gy				
	(c) Conservation of power				(d) Conservation of current									
2.	Which source provides a constant voltage or current regardless of the rest of							1 11						
	(a)Voltage Source (b) Current Source				c)Dep	oende	ent So	ource	(l)Inde	epend	dent S	Sourc	r- U
3. Super-Position Theorem is applicable for a									-		CO	1- U		
	(a) Linear Bilateral Net	twork	(b)Non- Linear Bilateral Network											
	(c)Linear Uni-lateral N	etwork	((d) A	ll the	abov	ve							
4.	Electrical appliances an	e connected in pa	rallel	beca	use i	t							CO	2- U
	(a) Is a simple circuit (b) Draws less current													
(c)Results in reduced power loss (d) Makes the operation of applia								lianc	es in	depe	nden	t of e	ach c	other
5. When an alternating current passes through an ohmic resistance the								СО	5- U					
	electrical power converted into heat is													
	(a) Apparent power	(b)True power		(c)	Reac	tive	powe	r	(d)	None	e of t	he ab	ove	
6.	The current leads the	supply voltage in	a sei	ries F	RLC	circu	it has	s its					CO	4- U
	frequency t	he resonant frequ	ency.											
	(a) Above	(b) Below		(0	c) Eq	ual to)	(d) C	annc	ot be	deter	mine	d	

7.	The unit of capacitance are						
	(a) volts/Coulomb	(b)Coulomb/volt	(c)Ohms	(d) Henry/Weber			
8.	If three 15uF capacitors	CO6- U					
	(a) 5uF	(b)30uF	(a) 5uF	(b)30uF			
9.	Which of the following circuit elements will oppose the change in circuit current?						
	(a) Inductance	(b)Capacitance	(c)Resistance	(d) All the above			
10.	A Sensor is a			CO6- U			
	(a) Subsystem	(b)Module	(c) Machine	(d) All the above			
	(a) Subsystem	(b)Module PART – B (5 x	(c) Machine 2= 10Marks)	(d) All the above			
11.	(a) Subsystem Distinguish between a I	(b)Module PART – B (5 x Loop & Mesh of a circui	(c) Machine 2= 10Marks) t.	(d) All the above CO1 U			
11. 12.	(a) SubsystemDistinguish between a IState maximum power to	(b)Module PART – B (5 x Loop & Mesh of a circui transfer theorem.	(c) Machine 2= 10Marks) t.	(d) All the above CO1 U CO1 U			
 11. 12. 13. 	 (a) Subsystem Distinguish between a I State maximum power to Define Form factor and 	(b)Module PART – B (5 x Loop & Mesh of a circui transfer theorem. Peak factor.	(c) Machine 2= 10Marks) t.	(d) All the above CO1 U CO1 U CO2 U			
 11. 12. 13. 14. 	 (a) Subsystem Distinguish between a I State maximum power to Define Form factor and State the principle of electronic 	(b)Module PART – B (5 x Loop & Mesh of a circui transfer theorem. Peak factor. ectric generator.	(c) Machine 2= 10Marks) t.	(d) All the above CO1 U CO1 U CO2 U CO6 U			
 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 	 (a) Subsystem Distinguish between a I State maximum power to Define Form factor and State the principle of ele Define sensors. 	(b)Module PART – B (5 x Loop & Mesh of a circui transfer theorem. Peak factor. ectric generator.	(c) Machine 2= 10Marks) t.	(d) All the above CO1 U CO1 U CO2 U CO6 U CO6 U			

$PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

16. (a)(i) Distinguish between Mesh and loop of a circuit.CO1- AP(6)(ii) Find the current flowing through each resistor using nodal analysis(10)for the circuit below.



Or

(b) Explain briefly about Mesh and nodal Analysis with neat diagram CO1- AP (16)

17. (a) (i) State the difference between Series and Parallel circuits CO2- AP (6)
 (ii) Determine the equivalent resistance between terminals A and B of (10)
 figure shown below.

A	~~~~				
	2-09-0		₹10Ω	12.5Ω	a size la C.
	ž	60Ω	1		\$100
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(b)	Derive an expression for Delta to Star Conversion.	CO2- AP	(16)
(a)	Explain the characteristics of RLC series Resonant circuit	CO4- AP	(16)
	Or		
(b)	Draw the phasor diagram for a series RL circuit. Also obtain the voltage triangle and impedance triangle	CO4- AP	(16)
(a)	What is inductance and explain in detail about the types on inductances.	CO6 U	(16)
	or		
(b)	(i) What is meant by EMF?	CO6 U	(4)
	(ii) What are the applications of Faraday's Law?		(4)
	(iii) Define Ampere's Law		(4)
	(iv) Differentiate between Self and mutual inductance		(4)
(a)	State the Principle of operation of a single phase Transformer. Or	CO6 U	(16)
(b)	Explain the various methods of electrical wiring system.	CO6 U	(16)
	 (b) (a) (b) (a) (a) (b) 	 (b) Derive an expression for Delta to Star Conversion. (a) Explain the characteristics of RLC series Resonant circuit Or Draw the phasor diagram for a series RL circuit. Also obtain the voltage triangle and impedance triangle (a) What is inductance and explain in detail about the types on inductances. or (b) (i) What is meant by EMF? (ii) What are the applications of Faraday's Law? (iii) Define Ampere's Law (iv) Differentiate between Self and mutual inductance (a) State the Principle of operation of a single phase Transformer. Or (b) Explain the various methods of electrical wiring system. 	 (b) Derive an expression for Delta to Star Conversion. (c) CO2- AP (a) Explain the characteristics of RLC series Resonant circuit (c) Or (b) Draw the phasor diagram for a series RL circuit. Also obtain the CO4- AP voltage triangle and impedance triangle (a) What is inductance and explain in detail about the types on inductances. (b) (i) What is meant by EMF? (ii) What are the applications of Faraday's Law? (iii) Define Ampere's Law (iv) Differentiate between Self and mutual inductance (a) State the Principle of operation of a single phase Transformer. (c) CO6 U (c) CO6 U

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