		Reg. No. :										
Question Paper Code: U6A02												
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024												
	Sixth semester											
		Agricultural	l Engine	ering								
	21UAG	602 - DESIGN OF BA	ASIC M	ACHI	NE E	ELEI	MEN	VTS				
		(Regula	tion 202	1)								
		(Approved data)	book is p	permit	ted)							
Dura	ation: Three hours						Max	ximu	m: 1	00 N	Aark	5
		Answer AL	L Quest	ions								
		PART A - (10	x 1 = 10	Mark	s)							
1.	The ability of materia	al to resist scratching	and inde	ntatior	n is						CC	1-U
	(a) Hardness	(b) Stiffness	(c) Resi	lience				(d) S	Surfa	ce fi	nish	
2.	The largest permissible size for a dimension is known									CC	1-U	
	(a) Lower limit	(b) Upper limit	(c) B	asic si	ze			(d) A	Actua	al siz	ze	
3.	When a ductile material is loaded in excess of a certain value, a CO1-U gradual increase in elongation takes place with time. this phenomenon is known as											
	(a) creep	(b) fatigue	(c) stre	ss con	icenti	ratio	n	(d) c	overs	train	l	
4.	The torque required to produce a twist of one radian per unit length of the shaft is known as										CC	91-U
	(a) Polar modulus	(b) Torsional rigidit	y (c) Fl	lexural	l rigi	dity		(d) Y	Youn	g's i	modı	ılus
5.	In order to avoid tear centre line of the rive of dia of rivet d shoul	ring of the plate at ed et hole to the nearest of ld be equal to	of the plate at edge, the distance from the le to the nearest edge of the plate in terms equal to			he ns				CC	01-U	
	(a) d	(b)1.25 d	(c) 1.	5 d				(d) 2	2 d			
6.	Welded joint is called as									CC	1-U	
	(a) Permanent joint	Permanent joint (b)Linked joint (c)Temporary joint						(d) Movable joint				

7.	The springs made in the form of a cone disk to carry a high C compressive force is							
	(a) Helical	(b) Belleville	(c) Leaf	(d) None of the above				
8.	An elastic member which deflects under the action of load and CO regains its original shape after the removal of load is							
	(a) shaft	(b) bolt	(c) spring	(d) coupling				
9.	Hydrostatic bearing usually use as lubricant							
	(a) Oil	(b) Grease	(c) Water	(d) None of the above				
10.	What is the most important feature of lubrication that determines CO1-U the life of a bearing?							
	(a) Viscosity	(b) Grade of grease	(c) E.P. additives	(d) viscosity index				
PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)								
11.	Why normal stress theory is not suitable for ductile materials?							
12.	Which material used for flange or flange coupling?							
13.	Why are welded joints preferred over riveted joints?							
14.	How will you find whether the given helical spring is a compression spring or tension spring?							
15.	Explain about life anti-friction bearings?							

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

16. (a) A shaft as shown in figure is subjected to a bending load of 3 KN, CO3-App (16) pure torque of 1000 N-m and an axial pulling force of 15 kN Calculate the stress at A and B.



Or

- (b) A shaft of 200mm length is cantilever rod of circular section. It is CO3-App (16) subjected to a cyclic transverse load that varies from -50 to 150 KN. Determine the diameter of the shaft assuming a factor of safety of 2, size correction factor of 0.85 and surface correction factor of 0.9. The material properties are ultimate strength = 550MPa; yield strength = 320MPa and endurance limit = 275MPa. Theoretical stress factor = 1.4, Notch sensitivity factor = 0.9.
- 17. (a) Design a muff or sleeve coupling for a shaft to transmit 35KW at CO2-App (16) 350 rpm. The safe shear stress for the steel shaft is 50N/mm² and it is 15 N/mm² for the cast iron muff. The allowable shear and crushing stress for the key material are 42 N/mm² and 120 N/mm² respectively

Or

- (b) Design a knuckle joint to transmit 150 kN.The design stresses CO2-App (16) may be taken as 75 MPa in tension, 60 MPa in shear and 150 MPa in compression.
- 18. (a) A 50 mm diameter solid shaft is welded to a flat plate as shown in CO3-App (16) Figure. If the size of the weld is 15 mm, find the maximum normal and shear stress in the weld.



Or

(b) A rigid steel bracket subjected to a vertical force of 10kN is CO3-App (16) shown in fig. It is fastened to a vertical sanction by means of four identical bolts. Determine the size of the bolts by maximum shear stress theory. The maximum permissible shear stress in any bolts is limited to 50N/mm².



19. (a) Design a helical spring for a spring loaded safety valve (Rams CO2-App (16) bottom safety valve) for the following conditions: Diameter of the valve seat = 65 mm; Operating pressure = 0.7 N/mm²; Maximum pressure when the valve blows off freely = 0.75 N/mm²; Maximum lift of the valve when the pressure rises from 0.7 to 0.75 N/mm= 3.5 mm; maximum allowable stress = 550 MPa; Modulus of rigidity = 84 kN/mm², Spring index = 6.

- (b) Design a leaf spring for a truck to the following specifications. CO2-App (16) Maximum load on the spring = 140kN, number of springs = 4, material of springs is chrome vanadium steel, permissible tensile stress = 600 N/mm² Maximum number of leaves = 10, span at spring = 1000mm, permissible deflection = 80mm, young's modulus of the spring = 200KN/mm².
- 20. (a) Design a journal bearing for a centrifugal pump with the CO2-App (16) following data: Diameter of the journal = 150mm Load on bearing = 40KN

Load on bearing = 40 KN Speed of journal = 900 rpm

Or

(b) Select a suitable ball bearing for a drilling machine spindle of CO2-App (16) diameter 40mm rotating at 3000rpm. It is subjected to radial load of 200N and axial thrust of 1000N. It is to work for 45hours a week for one year.