Reg. No:						

# **Question Paper Code: U6A01**

## B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2024

#### Sixth semester

### Agricultural Engineering

#### 21UAG601 MICROIRRIGATION SYSTEMS

(Regulation 2021)

	(Reguie	ution 2021)				
Dura	ation: Three hours	Maximum: 10	0 Marks			
	Answer A	LL Questions				
	PART A - (10	$0 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks}$				
1.	Which pump is used for irrigation purpose if the distance between the water surface and pump inlet is greater than 8m?					
	(a) Submersible pumps	(b) Centrifugal pumps				
	(c) Deep well turbine pumps	(d) Air lift pumps				
2.	What is the term for the pressure at which a liquid transitions into vapor?					
	(a)Atmospheric Pressure	(b) Gas Pressure				
	(c) Vapour Pressure	(d) Suction pressure				
3.	Throttling refers to the process of control fluid by	ling or regulating the flow of a	CO 1- U			
	(a) Increasing the fluid temperature	(b) Decreasing the fluid pressure				
	(c) Increasing the fluid velocity	(d) Decreasing the fluid viscosity				
4.	In which industry are electromagnetic flow meters primarily utilized?					
	(a) Pump stations	(b) Municipal water supply				
	(c) Waste water treatment	(d) Irrigation channels				
5.	For a sloping terrain which type of irrigation system is used?					
	(a) Drip Irrigation	(b) Sprinkler Irrigation				

(c) Both a and b

(d) Surface irrigation

6.	Wha	it is the primary ob	on in irrigation systems?		CO 1- U			
	(a) To increase water usage (b)			(b) To reduce labor co	(b) To reduce labor costs			
	(c) T	o promote soil ero	(d) To decrease crop y	rield				
7.	Whic	ch crop among the	following gives hig	gh yield for drip irrigation?	,	CO 1- U		
	(a) ]	Brinjal	(b) Carrot	(c) Tomato	(d) B	anana		
8.	Wha	What is the cost of drip irrigation per hectare?						
	(a) 2	,47,000	(b) 1,51,500	(c) 2,20,500	(d) 3	,30,500		
9.	india		•	sprinkler system in orinkler irrigation among th	ıe	CO 1- U		
	(a)	2,52,000	b) 1,51,500	(c) 1,10,00	(d) $2,1$	0,000		
10.		For which sprinkler irrigation system the laterals are portable while the main lines connecting to the water source and pumping plant remain stationary?						
	(a) S	emi permanent sys	tem	(b) Semi portable syst	em			
	(c) P	ortable system		(d) Permanent system				
			PART - B (5	x 2= 10 Marks)				
11.	Explain and Illustrate the Diaphram pump					CO1- U		
12.	Summarize the function of a pressure-reducing valve and include a labeled diagram showing its parts.							
13.	. Report the reasons why you prefer MIS over conventional methods							
14.	Calculate the emission uniformity of a drip irrigation system segment CO2-Appending drip emitters with a coefficient of discharge (kd) of 0.25, an exponent (x) of 0.6, and a coefficient of variation (Cv) of 0.08. Each plant utilizes two emitters. The average pressure is 110 kPa, and the minimum pressure is 80 kPa.							
15.		scribe four general gation system.	rules that must be c	considered while designing	sprinkler	CO1- U		
			PART – C	(5 x 16= 80 Marks)				
16.	(a)	methods, including irrigation. Explainsights into the control of t	ng surface irrigation in and define each heir operational	illustrating various irrigation, sprinkler irrigation, and on the method, providing detail principles, advantages, by incorporating diagrams	drip iled and	3-Ana (16)		

visually represent the functionality of each irrigation method

- (b) Develop a comprehensive mind map showcasing various types of CO3-Ana (16) pumps. Explain and differentiate each pump type, highlighting their operational principles, applications, advantages, and limitations. Enhance your analysis by incorporating diagrams to visually represent the functionality of each pump type and its suitability for different irrigation scenarios5
- 17. (a) Contrast the functions and applications of check, butterfly, and CO 1-U (16) solenoid valves, emphasizing their unique characteristics and suitability for diverse agricultural engineering contexts.

Or

- (b) Examine the selection criteria, repair procedures, and CO 1-U (16) maintenance strategies for valves in agricultural systems, detailing the factors influencing valve choice, and preventative maintenance measures to ensure optimal performance and longevity.
- 18. (a) Explain the various types of micro-irrigation systems, including CO 1-U (16) drip irrigation and sprinkler irrigation, detailing their respective operational mechanisms. discuss the merits and demerits associated with each type and provide comprehensive insights into the functionality and practical implications of micro-irrigation systems.

Or

- (b) Describe the diverse equipment and methods available for CO 1-U (16) fertilizer injection in micro-irrigation systems. Include illustrations to demonstrate the functionality
- 19. (a) Outline the standard procedure for evaluating the performance of CO 1-U (16) a drip irrigation system along with the merits and demerits of Drip Irrigation System.

Or

(b) Describe the essential factors for fixing, positioning, installing, CO 1-U and operating a drip irrigation system.

20. (a) In a visionary role as a forward-thinking agricultural engineer, design a futuristic sprinkler irrigation system. Interpret the general rules for sprinkler system design and Organise the merits and demerits of Sprinkler Irrigation system in a form of comprehensive mindmap.

CO3-Ana (16)

CO3-Ana

(16)

Or

(b) As a future agricultural engineer, delve into the realm of Horsepower. Define Horsepower and classify its types. Following this, address a practical scenario: you encounter a situation where you need to determine the Horsepower required for a pump. The given parameters are the discharge Q and the total head H. Analyze the steps you would take to calculate the Horsepower needed for optimal pump selection. Consider an agricultural scenario where you need to select a pump for a field. The discharge (Q) is 200 liters per second, and the total head (H) is 30 meters. Calculate the Horsepower required for the pump, taking into account the efficiency of the system. Justify your calculations and explain how the derived Horsepower value influences your choice of a suitable pump for the given agricultural application.