А	\

condensation.

(a) Higher

Reg. No. :									
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# **Question Paper Code: 56703**

## B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022

#### Sixth Semester

### Mechanical Engineering

#### 15UME603 - HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER

(Regulation 2015)

(Approved Heat and Mass Transfer Data Book & Steam Tables are allowed)

	(Approved freat	and wass transfer Da	ta book & Steam Tables are	allowed)	
Duration: Three hours			Max	ximum: 100 Marks	
		Answer ALI	_ Questions		
		PART A - (10 x	1 = 10 Marks)		
1.	The unit of overall co	The unit of overall coefficient of heat transfer is			
	(a) $W/m^2K$	(b) $W/m^2$	(c) W/mK	(d) W/m	
2.	Heat is transferred be convection and radiate	•	f transfer, viz. conduction,	CO1- R	
	(a) Electric heater	(b) Steam condenser	(c) Boiler (d) Refrigerator	or condenser coils	
3.	$Nu = C Re^m Pr^n representation $	CO2- R			
	(a) Forced Convection	n	(b) Free convection		
	(c) Combined convec	tion	(d) Conduction		
4.	The rate of energy transferred by convection to that by conduction is called			CO2- R	
	(a) Stanton number	(b) Nusselt number	(c) Biot number	(d) Peclet number	
5.	, , ,	t area the heat trans than parallel flow	sfer in counter flow heat heat exchanger.	CO3- R	
	(a) Higher	(b) Lower	(c) Same	(d) None of these	
6.	The heat transfer rate	of film wise condensa	tion compared to drop wise	CO3- R	

(c) Equal

(b) Lower

(d) Not able to predicted

7.	The	emissivity value o	of black body is equa	al to		CO4- R	
	(a) 0		(b) 1	(c) Negative	(d) None of the a	bove	
8.	According to Stefan Boltzmann law, the total radiation from a black body per second per unit area is directly proportional to the					CO4- R	
	(a) Absolute temperature						
	(b) Square of the absolute temperature						
	(c) Cube of the obsolute temperature						
	(d) Fourth power of the obsolute temperature						
9.	The	mass flux is propo	ortional to	<u></u> .		CO5- R	
	(a) V	Velocity gradient		(b) Temperature gra	adient		
	(c) Concentration gradient			(d) Pressure gradient			
10.	The	molecular weight	of Naphthalene is _			CO5- R	
	(a) 7	4.08	(b) 128.16	(c) 28.02	(d) 157.02		
			PART - B (5	x 2= 10 Marks)			
11.	State	e Fourier's law of	conduction.			CO1- R	
12.	Wha	at are the dimensio	nless parameters use	ed in forced convection	on?	CO2- R	
13.	3. What are the types of heat exchangers?					CO3- R	
14.	Lefine irradiation?					CO4- R	
15.	5. What are the modes of mass transfer?					CO5- R	
			PART – C	(5 x 16= 80 Marks)			
16.	(a)	insulating brick a temperatures are thermal conducti and the thicknes bonding of the	ond one of red brick 900°C and 30°C vity of the layers a s of 20cm, 8 cm a	ers one of fine brick, . The inner and outer respectively. The researe 1.2, 0.14, and 0.4 and 11 cm. Assuminates. Find the heat lares.	surface spective 9W/mK ag close	n (16)	
			<b>31</b>				

- (b) A rectangular aluminium fins of 0.5mm square and 12mm long CO1-Ana are attached on a plane plate which is maintained at  $80^{\circ}$  C. Surrounding air temperature is  $22^{\circ}$ C. Calculate the number of fins required to generate  $35 \times 10^{-3}$  W of heat. Take k = 165W/mK and k = 10W/m<sup>2</sup>K. Assume no heat loss from the tip of the fin.
- 17. (a) Water flows inside a tube of 20mm diameter and 3 m long at a CO2-App velocity of 0.03m/s. The water gets heated from 40°C to 120° C while passing through the tube. The tube wall is maintained at constant temperature of 160° C. Find heat transfer.

Or

- (b) Atmospheric air at 275K and a free stream velocity of 20m/s CO2-App flows over a flat plate 1.5m long that is maintained at a uniform temperature of 325K. Calculate the average heat transfer coefficient over the region where the boundry layer is laminar, the average heat transfer coefficient over the entire length of the plate and the total heat transfer rate from the plate to the air over the length 1.5m and width 1m. assume transition occurs at  $Re_c$ =  $2x10^5$ .
- 18. (a) An aluminum pan of 15 cm diameter is used to boil water and the CO3-App water depth at the time of boiling is 2.5 cm. The pan is placed on an electric stove and the heating element raises the temperature of the pan to  $110^{0}$ C. Calculate the power input for boiling and the rate of evaporation. Take  $C_{\rm sf} = 0.0132$

Or

- (b) In a counter flow double pipe heat exchanger, water is heated CO3-App from 25° C to 65°C by an oil with a specific heat of 1.45 KJ/Kg K and mass flow rate is 0.9Kg/s. the oil is cooled from 230°c to 160°C. If the overall heat transfer coefficient is 420W/m² °C, calculate the following.
  - 1. The rate of heat transfer
  - 2. The mass flow rate of water

The surface area of the heat exchanger

19. (a) The sun emits maximum radiation at λ=0.52μ. Assuming the sun CO4-U to be a black body, calculate the surface temperature of the sun. also calculate the monochromatic emissive power of the suns surface.

(16)

- (b) Two black square plates of size 1 by 1m are placed parallel to CO4-U each other at a distance of 0.4m. One plate is maintained at a temperature of 900° C and to the other at 400° C. Find the net heat exchange of energy due to radiation between two plates.
- 20. (a) Air at 10° C with a velocity of 3m/s flows over a flat. plate. If the CO5-App plate is 0.3m long, calculate the mass transfer coefficient.

Or

- (b) A vessel contains binary mixture of O2 and N2 with partial CO5-App pressures in the ratio 0.21 and 0.79 at 15C. The total pressure of the mixture is 1.1 bar. Calculate the following:
  - (1) Molar Concentrations
  - (2) Mass Densities
  - (3) Mass Fractions

Molar Fractions of each species