



7. Longitudinal movement of rail with respect to sleeper in track is known as CO4- R  
 (a) Kink (b) Creep (c) Coning (d) Buckling
8. \_\_\_\_\_ are used in rail joints to maintain the continuity of rails. CO4- R  
 (a) Bearing plate (b) Spikes (c) Fish plate (d) Bolt
9. Name the device which is used to ensure a mechanical relationship CO5- R  
 between setting of points and taking OFF of the corresponding signal  
 (a) Stretcher bar (b) Tappet (c) Detector (d) Point lock
10. First stop signal at a station is known as CO5- R  
 (a) Home signal (b) Outer signal (c) . Departure signal (d) Starter signal

PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

11. Enumerate the classifications of roads. CO1- R
12. Narrate any four the desirable properties of bitumen? CO2- R
13. List out the various types of failures in flexible pavement. CO3- R
14. Under what condition extra winding is adopted? CO4- R
15. List out different types of yards CO5- R

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

16. (a) (i) Briefly outline the main features of various road patterns CO1- U (8)  
 commonly used.
- (ii) Explain the various factors controlling the alignment of CO1- U (8)  
 highway.

Or

- (b) Calculate the length of transition curve on a national highway CO1- App (16)  
 located in rolling terrain with design speed of 80 kmph curve  
 radius of curve 250m. The pavement is rotated about centre lane;  
 rate of attainment of super elevation is 1 in 150. Width of  
 pavement including extra widening is 7.5m. Assume any other  
 data if required.

17. (a) Narrate the step by step procedure involved in bituminous mix design. CO2- App (16)

Or

- (b) Design the flexible pavement for construction of new highway with the following data. CO2- App (16)

Number of commercial vehicles as per last count = 1500

Period of construction = 3 years

Annual traffic growth rate = 7.5%

Category of road = NH, two lane single carriageway

Design life = 10 years. Assume suitable data if required

18. (a) Describe the purpose and use of Benkelman Beam with neat sketches. CO3- U (16)

Or

- (b) Explain the construction procedure of concrete roads with neat sketches. CO3- U (16)

19. (a) Draw a typical cross section of permanent way and explain the functions of any two components of permanent way. CO4- U (16)

Or

- (b) Calculate the equilibrium cant on B.G. curved track of 7 degree for an average train speed of 50 kmph ? Also calculate the maximum permissible speed after allowing the maximum cant deficiency of 7.6 cm. CO4- App (16)

20. (a) Design all the elements required for a turnout of .1 in 8.5 taking off from a straight B.G. track with its curve starting from the toe of switch. i.e. tangential to the gauge face of the outer main rail and passes through theoretical nose of crossing, ie TNC .Given heel divergence = 11.4 cm. Assume suitable data if required CO5- App (16)

Or

- (b) Compare the different methods of plate laying during the construction of railway tracks. CO5- App (16)

