A	Reg. No. :					
Question Paper Code: 99B09						
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2022						
Elective						
Biomedical Engineering						
19UBM909- Medical Radiation Safety Engineering						
(Regulation 2019)						
Dura	tion: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks					
Answer ALL Questions						
PART A - $(10 \text{ x } 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$						
1.	Give a short note on Free Radicles and its impact on cell? CO1- U					
2.	Why oxygen is act as a well-known radio-sensitizer.CO3- Ana					
3.	Define Stochastic and Non-Stochastic Effects. CO1- U					
4.	Give a few syndrome and its dose ranges with different species. CO1- U					
5.	Differentiate high and low dose rate brachytherapy. CO1- U					
6.	Give a brief note on possible radiation accidents in medicine. CO1- U					
7.	Define ICRP. CO1- U					
8.	List out radiation protection in medical imaging and radiation oncology CO1- U					
9.	Define radiation hazards. CO1- U					
10.	What are the possible radiation accidents in medicine?CO1- U					
	PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)					
11.	<ul> <li>(a) Give a short note on Relative Biological Effectiveness of CO3- Ana (16) radiation particularly in DNA. Comparative analysis of radiation effect on differentiated and non-differentiated cells.</li> <li>Or</li> </ul>					
	(b) Give a brief note on radio-sensitizers. How do you examine CO3- Ana (16) natural or synthetic radio-sensitizers with an example?					

12.	(a)	Give a short note on Stochastic and Deterministic Effects. Review on the acute effects of total body irradiation and long term biological effects of ionizing radiations. Or	CO3- Ana	(16)
	(b)	Define radiation doses. Review on various techniques employed for limiting radiation doses from radioactive medical equipment.	CO3- Ana	(16)
13.	(a)	Describe the history of radiology and Explain nuclear medicine, diagnostic and its therapeutic approach. Or	CO1- U	(16)
	(b)	Brief note on radiation oncology and explain how brachytherapy approach is involved in the radioactive sealed sources for the cancer treatment.	CO1- U	(16)
14.	(a)	Define free radicals and G-value. Elaborate the principles of radiation protection in diagnostic radiology and the protection of employees or the public.	CO1- U	(16)
	(b)	Or Give a brief comment on unintended and accidental medical exposures and the safety procedures for pregnancy and Magnetic Resonance Imaging system.	CO1- U	(16)
15	(a)	Describe radiation monitoring system. Which method is more common to measure or control radiation, exposure to staff and patients?	CO1- U	(16)
	(b)	Or Comment on waste disposal facilities. Explain radiation safety during source transfer operations, special safety features in	CO1- U	(16)

accelerators.