A		Reg. No. :									
		Question Pape	er Coo	le: 5	5971	1					
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2021											
Elective											
		Mechanica	l Engin	eerin	g						
	15UME9	11 - UNCONVENTI	ONAL	MAC	HIN	ING	PRC	OCESS	5		
		(Regula	ation 20	15)							
Dur	ation: Three hours			<i>.</i>			N	laxim	num	: 100 1	Marks
		Answer Al									
	PART A - $(10 x 1 = 10 Marks)$										~ ~ ~ ~
1.	Which process is best suited for producing micro holes?									CO1- R	
	(a) Laser beam Mach	ining	(b) /	Abras	sive je	et ma	achin	ning			
	(c) Elector chemical	(d) Ultrasonic Machining									
2.	Non-Traditional machining can also be called as?									CO1- R	
	(a) Contact Machinin	g	(b) Non-contact machining								
	(c) Partial contact ma	(c) Partial contact machining			(d) Half contact machining						
3.	What is the velocity of water jet stream in water jet machining?									CO2- R	
	(a) 100 m/sec	(b) 300 m/sec	(	(c) 70	00 m/	sec				(d) 900	) m/sec
4.	Ultrasonic Machining can be used for which of the following processes and cO2- applications?						CO2- R				
	(a) Drilling		(b) S	Sinki	ng an	d co	ntou	ring			
	(c) Polishing		(d) 4	All of	f the a	abov	e				
5.	Which type of electrode is used for drilling in Electro discharge machining?								?		CO3- R
	(a) Flat electrode	(b) (	(b) Cuboidal electrode								
	(c) Tubular electrode	(d) S	(d) Spherical electrode								

6.	In wire cut EDM the electrode is a CO3- R								
	(a) Copper bar (b) Thin sheet (c) Tungsten plate (d) Thin wire								
7.	With an increase in unmanned machining hours, what happens to the CO4-R efficiency of ECM?								
	(a) Increases (b) Reduces (c) Increase and then decrease (d) Decreases								
8.	The grinding wheel used in the ECG process is of which charge given CO4- R below?								
	(a) Positive charge (b) Negative charge (c) Neutral charge (d) All of the above								
9.	The process utilizing mainly thermal energy for removing material is CO5- R								
	(a) Ultrasonic machining (b) Electrochemical machining								
	(c) Laser beam machining (d) Abrasive jet machining								
10.	Which of the following are the properties of a laser? CO5-1								
	(a) Highly collimated (b) Monochromatic (c) Coherent light beam (d) All of the above								
PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)									
11.	Distinguish traditional and non-traditional machining. CO1 R								
12.	List the applications of WJM.								
13.	Define tool wear. How do you prevent it? CO3 R								
14.	Define etchants and maskant. CO4 R								
15.	State the working Principle of Plasma arc Machining Process. CO								
	PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)								
16.	(a) Analyze the process capabilities and process economy of different CO1-U (16) unconventional machining processes in detail.								
	Or								
	(b) Explain the factors that should be considered during the selection of CO1- U (16) an appropriate unconventional machining process for a given job.								
17.	a) Discuss in detail the working principle of Abrasive jet machining CO2-U (16) process and explain briefly how its various parameters influence the material removal rate.								

Or

- (b) Discuss the USM process parameters on machinability of different CO2-U (16) materials and also explain USM with neat sketches.
- 18. (a) Describe the wire cut EDM equipment, its working applications and CO3- U (16) advantages.

Or

- (b) Demonstrate the process parameters and process capabilities of EDM CO3- U (16) and also discuss the various electrode materials used in EDM process.
- 19. (a) With the help of a simple diagram, explain briefly the working of CO4-U (16) electro chemical machining process.

## Or

- (b) Explain how water based maskant used for chemical milling and CO4-U (16) etching process.
- 20. (a) Explain with a neat sketch, the working principle of Electron CO5-U (16) Beam Machining process. And also list its applications.

## Or

(b) Compare the LBM, PAM and EBM in terms of process capabilities CO5-U (16) and limitations.