A		Reg. No. :											
		Question Pap	er (	Code	e: 5	<b>870</b> ]	l						
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2021													
	Seventh Semester												
Civil Engineering													
15UME801 - PROFESSIONAL ETHICS													
(Common to CSE, ECE, EEE, EIE, MECH, IT and Chemical Engineering)													
(Regulation 2015)													
Duration: Three hours Maxim								axin	mum: 100 Marks				
		Answer A	LL Q	uesti	ons								
		PART A - (10	) x 1 =	= 10	Mar	ks)							
1.	refers of	refers only to professional behaviour.								CO1-	· R		
	(a) Ethics	(b) Moral values											
	(c) Moral autonomy	(d) Moral dilemma											
2.	behavior tends to arise when mangers decide to put the attainment of their own personal goals, or the goals of the organization, above the fundamental rights of one or more stakeholder groups.								CO1-	· R			
	(a) Complementary	(b) Situational	(0	c)Un	ethi	cal			(	(d) C	onfi	ising	
3.	conventional level in	Gilligan's theory										CO1-	· R
	(a) Caring for onesel	f	(1	b) Ca	aring	g for c	othei	S					
	(c) Balanced mutual	caring	(0	(d) all of the above									
4.	The main objective of code of ethics is											CO2-	· R
	(a) Public support	(b) Promoting business	((	c) Pu	blic	Safet	y			(d) N abov		of the	
5.	is defined	l as the right of a per	rson t	o gu	ide.							CO2-	· R
	(a) Democracy	(b) Responsibility	(0	c) Fr	eedc	om (d) Authority							

6.		The values and assumptions shared within professional engineering an organization are called the organizational:				CO2- R					
	(a) <b>v</b>	Values (b) DNA (c) Lifestyle			(d) Culture.						
7.	Con	nputer as the object of Unethical Act by way of				CO3- R					
	(a) Hacking			(b) Spreading virus							
	(c) Health hazard while disposing (d) All the above										
8.		process when oming deeply		CO3- R							
	(a) Localization (b) Internationalization (c) Globalization					(d) Global linking					
9.	During this stage of the team development model people tend to be polite and will defer to the existing authority of a formal or informal leader.					CO3- R					
	(a) Performing.			(b) Storming							
	(c) §	Starming		(d) Forming							
10.	To make sure an organization is operating efficiently and in a manner consistent with its intended strategy managers use:					CO3- R					
	(a) c	(a) controls (b) coercion.									
	(c) f	(c) financial statements (d) substandards.									
	PART - B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)										
11.	Defi	ine Engineeri		CO1- R							
12.	What is the necessity to learn ethics?					CO1- R					
13.	List the various types of Industrial Standards.					CO2- R					
14.	Define the term Honesty.					CO3- R					
15.	Define the term Moral Leadership.					CO3- R					
16.	PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks) (a) Consider a young engineer who becomes convinced that the level of pollutants her company is pouring into a stream is dangerously high, given that children are using the river downstream for swimming. She expresses her view to her immediate supervisor, who says her fears are unfounded because the pollution has caused no complaints in the past. Is she required to do more? Identify the different types of inquiry from the above case. Or					(16)					
	(b) Discuss about Profession, Professional and Professionalism.					(16)					

17.	(a)	Explain briefly about Engineering as Experimentation and Engineers are Responsible Experimenters. Or	CO2- U	(16)
	(b)	Describe in detail Professional Rights for engineers	CO2- U	(16)
18.	(a)	Describe the roles of "Codes of Ethics" of various professional engineering societies and indicate the relative importance of the various categories of these roles. Or	CO2-U	(16)
	(b)	(i) Explain Babylon's Building Code & the United States	CO2-U	(8)
		Steamboat Code (ii) Explain the proper role of law in engineering.	CO2-U	(8)
19.	(a)	Explain in detail about Moral Leadership. Or	CO3- U	(16)
	(b)	Discuss in detail about Computer Ethics	CO3- U	(16)
20.	(a)	Explain in detail about Environmental Ethics and how its plays a vital role in society. Or	CO3- U	(16)
	(b)	Justify Engineers as Expert witness and Advisors with suitable examples.	CO3- U	(16)