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Question Paper Code: 54022

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2021

Fourth Semester

Civil Engineering

15UMA422 - NUMERICAL METHODS

(Common to EEE, EIE and Chemical Engineering)

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. What is the order of convergence of Newton-Raphson method CO1-R
(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3
2. If the eigen values of A are -4, 3, 1 then the dominant eigen value of A is CO1-R
(a) -4 (b) 3 (c) 1 (d) 0
3. Newton's forward interpolation formula used only for _____ intervals CO2-R
(a) unequal (b) equal (c) both (d) None
4. The parabola which passes through the points (0, 0), (1, 1), and (2, 20) CO2-R
(a) $8x^2-9x$ (b) $9x^2-8x$ (c) $3x^2-2x$ (d) $2x^2-3x$
5. What is the restriction on the number of intervals for Simpson's 1/3 rule? CO3-R
(a) Odd number (b) Even number (c) multiple of 3 (d) any
6. Gaussian three point formula is exact for polynomials upto degree CO3-R
(a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 5 (d) 6
7. From the following which one is single step method CO4-R
(a) Milne's (b) Taylor (c) Adam Bashforth (d) None
8. How many prior values are required to predict the next value in Adam's method CO4-R
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5

9. A partial differential equation is classified as a Parabolic if $B^2 - 4AC$ CO5-R
 (a) < 0 (b) $= 0$ (c) > 0 (d) None
10. What type of equations can be solved by Crank-Nickolson's difference formula. CO5-R
 (a) Parabolic (b) Elliptic (c) Hyperbolic (d) None

PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

11. Find the iterative formula to find \sqrt{N} where N is a positive number. CO1-R
12. Form the Newton's divided difference table for the following data CO2-R

| | | | |
|---|---|----|-----|
| x | 5 | 15 | 22 |
| y | 7 | 36 | 160 |

13. Apply two point formula to evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$. CO3-R
14. Using Euler's method compute y for $x = 0.2$ from $y' = y - \frac{2x}{y}$, $y(0) = 1$. CO4-R
15. Write the difference scheme for solving the Laplace equation. CO5-R

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

16. (a) (i) By Newton- Raphson method find a non zero root of $x^2 + 4\sin x = 0$. CO1-Ana (8)
- (ii) Solve the system of equations by Gauss elimination method CO1-Ana (8)
 $x + 2y + z = 3$; $2x + 3y + 3z = 10$; $3x - y + 2z = 13$
- Or
- (b) (i) Using Gauss-Seidel method, solve the following system. CO1-App (8)
 $x + 3y + 5z = 173.61$; $x - 27y + 2z = 71.31$; $41x - 2y + 3z = 65.46$
 Start with $x = 1, y = -2, z = 3$.
- (ii) Determine the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen CO1-Ana (8)
 vector of the Matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 4 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ by power method
17. (a) (i) Using Newtons divided difference formula find $u(3)$ given CO2-App (8)
 $u(1) = -26, u(2) = 12, u(4) = 256$ and $u(6) = 844$.

- (ii) From the following table find the value of $\tan 45^\circ 15'$ by CO2-Ana (8)
Newton's forward Interpolation formula.

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| x° | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| $\tan x^\circ$ | 1 | 1.03553 | 1.07237 | 1.11061 | 1.15037 | 1.19175 |

Or

- (b) Obtain the cubic Spline approximation for the function $y = f(x)$ CO2-U (16)
from the following data given that $y_0'' = y_3'' = 0$.

| | | | | |
|---|----|---|---|----|
| x | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| y | -1 | 1 | 3 | 35 |

18. (a) (i) Compute $f'(0)$ and $f''(4)$ from the data. CO3-Ana (8)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| y | 1 | 2.718 | 7.381 | 20.086 | 54.598 |

- (ii) Find $\int_{1.6}^{2.8} f(x) dx$ by Simpsons $(1/3)^{rd}$ rule from the CO3-App (8)
following table.

| | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| f(x) | 4.95 | 6.05 | 7.39 | 9.02 | 11.02 | 13.46 | 16.44 |

Or

- (b) (i) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{1 + (x + 1)^4} dx$ by Gaussian three point formula CO3-Ana (8)

- (ii) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 e^{x+y} dx dy$ using trapezoidal rule and Simpson's CO3-U (8)
rule.

19. (a) (i) Find by Taylor's series method, the values of y at x = 0.1 and CO4-U (8)

x = 0.2 to four decimal places from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 y - 1, y(0) = 1$

- (ii) Using Modified Euler's methods find CO4-App (8)

y(0.2) if $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x^2 + 1, y(0) = 0.5$

Or

(b) Apply Runge-Kutta method of fourth order to find approximate CO4-Ana (16)

values of y for $x = 0.2, 0.4$ and 0.6 if $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^3 + y, y(0) = 2$. Hence

find $y(0.8)$ by Milne's predictor-corrector method.

20. (a) Solve CO5-App (16)

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0, \text{ subject to}$$

(i) $u(0,y) = 0, 0 \leq y \leq 4$

(ii) $u(4,y) = 12 + y, 0 \leq y \leq 4$

(iii) $u(x,0) = 3x, 0 \leq x \leq 4$

(iv) $u(x,4) = x^2, 0 \leq x \leq 4$ by dividing the square into 16 square meshes of side 1.

Or

(b) Solve the Poisson equation $\nabla^2 u = -10(x^2 + y^2 + 10)$, CO5-U (16)
 $0 \leq x \leq 3; 0 \leq y \leq 3; u = 0$ on the boundary.