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**Question Paper Code: 59171**

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2021

Open elective

Computer Science and Engineering

15UCE971- REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

(Common to ECE, EEE, EIE, Mechanical, IT, Chemical)

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Leaf reflectance depends primarily on: CO1- R
  - (a) The pigments
  - (b) internal cell structure
  - (c) equivalent water content
  - (d) All of these
  
2. A reduction of nitrogen nutrient in plants .... CO1- R
  - (a) affects leaf colour
  - (b) reduces pigment concentration
  - (c) increase the visible reflectivity
  - (d) All of these
  
3. The altitude of a Geo-stationary satellite from the earth surface is CO2- R  
.....
  - (a) 30,000 km
  - (b) 36,000 km
  - (c) 26,000 km
  - (d) 44,000 km
  
4. A scanning system used to collect data over a variety of different wavelength ranges is called CO2- R
  - (a) RADAR systems
  - (b) Multispectral scanning
  - (c) Microwave sensors
  - (d) Active sensors
  
5. The arrangement of individual objects in distinctive nature is CO3- R
  - (a) Pattern
  - (b) Association
  - (c) Texture
  - (d) Tone

6. Drawing of boundaries around distinct regions of the image characterized by specific tones or texture is called CO3- R
- (a) Association (b) Texture  
(c) Tone (d) Delineation
7. The attributes refers to the properties of spatial entities is CO4- R
- (a) Spatial data (b) Non spatial data (c) Complex data (d) Above the all
8. The graphical representation of the earth features is called CO4- R
- (a) Scale (b) Map (c) Projection (d) None of these
9. ----- is made up of pixels and also referred to as grid cells. CO5- R
- (a) Spatial data (b) Raster data (c) Vector data (d) All the above
10. The 'boundary model' is sometimes also called CO5- R
- (a) Topological data model (b) Temporal data model  
(c) Topological discrete model (d) Temporal discrete model

PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

11. Define remote sensing. CO1- R
12. What are the uses of weather satellite? CO2- U
13. Why is image classification necessary? CO3- U
14. What are the major components of GIS system? CO4- R
15. Mention the various fields of GIS application in resource management? CO5- R

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

16. (a) Explain the atmospheric interaction with electromagnetic radiation. CO1- U (16)  
Or  
(b) Explain the electromagnetic spectrum based on their wavelength with neat sketch. CO1- U (16)
17. (a) Describe the various types of resolutions of satellite imageries. CO2- U (16)  
Or  
(b) Explain the orbital and sensor characteristics of Indian remote sensing Satellites. CO2- U (16)

18. (a) What are the differences between supervised and unsupervised classification? CO3-U (16)

Or

(b) Briefly describe the techniques employed in digital image interpretation.. CO3-U (16)

19. (a) Discuss about GIS data base file management.. CO4- U (16)

Or

(b) Explain the details about different types of Map projection systems. CO4- U (16)

20. (a) Explain the data entry methods used in GIS. CO5- U (16)

Or

(b) What are the four basic procedures for inputting spatial data CO5-U (16)

