A		Reg. No. :										
		Question Pap	er C	ode	: 93	A03	3					
	DE	/ P Tash DEGPEE	EVA	MIN				· 202	1			
	D.E	. / B. Iecii. DEOREE	EAA	IVIIIN octor	AIN	JN, I	DEC	202	1			
				csiel	, nin a							
	101	Agricultur		ginee	ing		11		_			
	190	AG303 - Fundament		eng	ineer	ing r	viecr	ianic	s			
D		(Regu	ation	2019)			•		100		1
Dur	ation: Three hours						Μ	axın	num:	100	Mar	ks
		Answer A	ALL C	Juest	ions							
		PART A - (1	0 x 1	= 10	Mar	ks)						
1.	Static friction is always dynamic friction.										CO1	
	(a) same (b) more											
	(c) less	(d) may	v be l	ess o	r mo	re de	epeno	ding	on tł	ne su	rfces
2.	The rate of change of momentum is directly proportional to the CO1- impressed force, and takes place in the same direction in which the force acts. This statement is known as											
	(a) Newton's first law (b)Newton's sec						cond	law				
	(c) Newton's third law (d) none of the a						abov	e				
3.	A body which is iso	lated from the surrou	nding	, is ca	lled							CO2-
	(a) black body (b) rigid body			(c) free body				(d) isolated body				
4.	Force× perpendicula	ar distance is called										CO2
	(a) Moment	(b) Couple	((c) Tr	uss				(d) R	esult	tant	force
5.	The geometrical cer point through which	nter of the body wher n weight of the body a	eas ce acts.	enter	of gr	avity	v is tl	ne				CO3
	(a) centroid (b	o) centre of gravity	(c) m	nome	nt of	iner	tia	((d) a	ll of	the a	bove
6.	The center of gravity of a body is always calculated with referrer CO3- to some assumed axis known as											
	(a) axis of reference	(b) axis of rotatio	n ((c) ax	is of	rolli	ng	(0	d) all	oft	he at	oove

7.	The force system co can be considered to resultant force exter particle is said to be	CO4- R									
	(a) dynamic conditio	(b) static co	ondition								
	(c) equilibrium cond	(d) all of th	e above								
8.	The capacity of do	CO4- R									
	(a) work	(b) energy	(c) power		(d) all of the above						
9.	The co-efficient of efficient of friction	kinetic friction is _	to	the co-	CO5- R						
	(a) Equal	(b) Greater	(c) Lesser		(d) All of the above						
10.	Angle of repose is eq	CO5 -R									
	(a) Angle of friction	(b) Friction	al force								
	(c) Co-efficient of fr	(d) Normal	reaction								
PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)											
11.	Recall the term resol	CO1- R									
12.	What is a moment of	CO2- U									
13.	Distinguish between	CO3- U									
14.	Define D'Alembert's	CO4- U									
15.	Define friction	CO5- R									

- PART C (5 x 16= 80Marks)
- 16. (a) Determine the tension in cables BC & AC to hold 40 Kg load CO1-E (16) shown in fig.



(b) A string attached to two fixed points A and D has two equal CO1-E weights of 1000N attached to it B and C. The weights rest with the portions AB and CD inclined at angles of 30 ° and 60 respectively, to the vertical shown in fig. find the tensions in the portions AB, BC and CD of the string, if the inclination of the portion BC with the vertical is 120



17. (a) Two identical rollers, each of weight 60 N, are supported by an CO2 -E (16) inclined plane and a vertical wall as shownin fig. find the reactions at points of supports A, C

30

Or

- (b) A system of parallel forces are acting on rigid bar as shown in fig. CO2 -E (16) reduce the system to
 - (i) A single force (ii) a single force and a couple at A(iii) a single force and a couple at B



18. (a) Determine the moment of inertia of the shaded are as shown CO3- E (16) in figure with respect to the x axis

3

(16)



(b) Locate the centroid of the area shown in figure below. The CO3 -E (16) dimensions are in mm.



19. (a) A train starts from rest and attains a velocity of 45 km per hour in CO4- Ana (16)
2 minutes, with uniform acceleration. Find (i) acceleration (ii)
distance travelled in this time, 2 min (iii) time required to reach a velocity of 36 km per hour

Or

(b) The motion of the particle along a curved path is given by the CO4 -Ana (16) equations.

$$X = t^2 + 8t + 4$$
, and $y = t^3 + 3t^2 + 8t + 4$

Determine (i) initial velocity of the particle (ii) velocity of the particle at t= 2 sec (iii) acceleration of the particle at t=0, (iv) acceleration of the particle at t= 2 sec.

20. (a) Draw and explain the concept of rolling resistance with neat CO5- APP (16) sketches.

Or

(b) A man can pull horizontally with a force of 450 N .A mass of 350 CO5- APP (16) kg is resting on a horizontal surface for which the coefficient of friction is 0.4. The vertical cable of a crane is attached to the top of the block as shown in fig. what will be the tension in the cable if the man is just able to start the block to the right.

