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Question Paper Code: 55A04

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2021

Fifth Semester

Agriculture Engineering

15UAG504 – HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER FOR AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

(Approved Heat and Mass Transfer Data Book & Steam Tables are allowed)

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- In case of liquids and gases, the heat transfer takes place according to CO1- R
(a) Conduction. (b) Convection. (c) Condensation. (d) Radiation.
- _____ is the ratio of thermal conductivity and heat capacity CO1- R
(a) Heat capacity ratio (b) Thermal diffusivity
(c) Specific heat (d) Biot Number
- The ratio of heat transfer by convection and heat transfer by conduction is called CO2- R
(a) Reynolds number. (b) Prandtl number
(c) Nusselt number. (d) Grashof number.
- The dimensionless numbers involved in Natural convection is/are CO2- R
(a) Grashoff Number (b) Prandtl number (c) Nusselt Number (d) All of the above
- The emissivity for black body is CO3- R
(a) 0. (b) 0.5. (c) 0.75. (d) 1.
- In _____ heat exchanger, hot and cold fluid flow in same direction. CO3- R
(a) Counter flow (b) Parallel flow (c) Cross flow (d) Mixed flow

7. Fouling factor is used CO4- R
- (a) In heat exchanger design as a safety factor.
- (b) In case of Newtonian fluids.
- (c) When a liquid exchanges heat with a gas.
- (d) In case of non-Newtonian fluids.
8. Radiation shield should have CO4- R
- (a) High transmissivity (b) High conductivity
- (c) Low reflectivity (d) High reflectivity
9. The unit of mass flow rate is CO5- R
- (a) kg. (b) kJ/s. (c) kg/s. (d) N.
10. The ratio of molecular diffusivity of momentum and molecular diffusivity of mass is called CO5- R
- (a) Fick's law. (b) Schmidt Number.
- (c) Scherwood Number. (d) Eddy diffusion.

PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)

11. Define fins (or) extended surfaces. CO1- R
12. What is difference between free convection and forced convection? CO2- R
13. Define burnout point CO3- R
14. What is meant by pool boiling? CO4- R
15. State Fick's law of diffusion. CO5- R

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

16. (a) A wall of 0.6 m thickness having thermal conductivity of 1.2 W/mK. The wall is to be insulated with a material having an average thermal conductivity of 0.3 W/mK. Inner and outer surface temperature is 1000⁰C and 10⁰C respectively. If heat transfer rate is 1400 W/m². Calculate the thickness of insulation. CO1- App (16)
- Or
- (b) An egg with mean diameter of 4 cm and initially at 25⁰C is placed in a boiling water pan for 4 minutes and found to be boiled to the consumers taste. For how long should a similar egg for same consumer be boiled when taken from a refrigerator at 5⁰C? Let K=12 W/mK, h = 125W/m² K, C =2 kJ/kg K, ρ = 1250 kg/m³. CO1- App (16)

17. (a) Air at 25°C flows over a flat plate at a speed of 5 m/s and heated to 135°C . The plate is 3 m long and 1.5 m wide. Calculate the local heat transfer coefficient at $x = 0.5\text{ m}$ and the heat transferred from the first 0.5 m of the plate. CO2- App (16)

Or

- (b) Calculate the heat transfer from a 60W incandescent bulb at 115°C to ambient air at 25°C . Assume the bulb as a sphere of 50 mm diameter. Also find the percentage of power lost by free convection. CO2- App (16)

18. (a) Two large parallel plates are maintained at a temperature of 900 K and 500 K respectively. Each plate has an area of 6 m^2 . Compare the net heat exchange between the plates for the following cases: (a) Both plates are black and (b) Plates have an emissivity of 0.5 . CO3- Ana (16)

Or

- (b) A counter flow double pipe heat exchanger is used to heat water from 20°C to 40°C by cooling an oil from 90°C to 55°C . The exchanger is designed for a total heat transfer rate of 59 kW with overall heat transfer coefficient of $340\text{W/m}^2\text{K}$. Calculate the surface area required. CO3- App (16)

19. (a) In a counter flow double pipe heat exchanger, water heated from 25°C to 65°C by oil with a specific heat of 1.45 KJ/KgK and mass flow rate is 0.9 Kg/s . The oil is cooled from 230°C to 160°C . If the overall heat transfer co-efficient is $420\text{ W/m}^2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, Calculate the following: (a) The rate of heat transfer, (b) The mass flow rate of water and (c) The surface area of the heat exchanger. CO4- U (16)

Or

- (b) Calculate the net radiant heat exchange per m^2 area for two large parallel plates at temperatures of 427°C and 27°C respectively. Effectiveness of hot plate and cold plate 0.9 and 0.6 respectively. If a polished aluminium shield is placed between them, find the percentage reduction in heat transfer, emissivity of the shield is 0.4 . CO4- Ana (16)

20. (a) Helium diffuses through a plate membrane of 2 mm thick. At the inner side the concentration of helium is $0.025 \text{ Kg mole/m}^3$. At the outer side the concentration of helium is $0.007 \text{ Kg mole/m}^3$. What is the diffusion flux of helium through the membrane? Assume diffusion co-efficient of helium with respect to plastic is $1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$. CO5- Ana (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Air at 20°C with a velocity of 3.5 m/s flows over a flat plate. If the plate is 0.5 m long, calculate the mass transfer coefficient. CO5- U (8)
- (ii) Determine diffusion rate of water from bottom of a test tube of 35 mm diameter and 55 mm long into dry air at 30°C . Take diffusion coefficient of water in air as $0.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ CO5- U (8)