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B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022

Third Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

19UEE306 - ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regula	ation 2019)					
		Maximum: 100 Marks				
Answer A	LL Questions					
PART A - (10	x 1 = 10 Marks					
The fact as to how closely the instrument reading follows the measured variables is called the						
(b) fidelity	(c) accuracy	(d) sensitivity				
The difference between the upper and lower limit in instrument range is						
(b) Drift	(c) Range	(d) Sensitivity				
ts is used for	measurement	CO2-R				
(b) AC	(c) DC & AC	(d) None				
The instrument used for measurement of energy is called						
(b) PMMC	(c) Energy meter	(d) Moving iron				
sically a		CO3- R				
nstrument	(b) null type instrume	ent				
l as null type instrun	nent (d) digital instrument					
6. The inductance of a high Q inductor can be measured using a						
	(b) Wein bridge					
	(d) Hay bridge					
up of	_ materials	CO4- R				
e	(b) iron oxide					
	(d) None of the	above				
	Answer A PART A - (10 closely the instrume (b) fidelity In the upper and lowe (b) Drift Its is used for (b) AC In measurement of er (b) PMMC Is is cally a Instrument I as null type instrum	(b) fidelity (c) accuracy In the upper and lower limit in instrument range (b) Drift (c) Range Its is used for measurement (b) AC (c) DC & AC In measurement of energy is called (b) PMMC (c) Energy meter Its is used for measurement (b) PMMC (c) Energy meter Its is used for measurement (b) PMMC (c) Energy meter (c) Energy meter (d) digital instrument (d) digital instrument (d) Hay bridge (d) Hay bridge (d) Hay bridge (e) (e) (f) iron oxide				

8.	Digi	tal X-Y plotters is also	C	O5- R		
	(a) F	Recorder		(b) Plotter		
	(c) I	Digital Plotter		(d) Analog X-Y recorder		
9.	Whi	ch transducer does no	C	O5- R		
	(a) A	Active transducer		(b) Passive transducer		
	(c)	Both a & b		(d) none		
10.	The	rmocouple works on tl	he principle		C	O5- R
	(a) F	Piezo-electric effect	(b) Hall effect	(c) Seeback effect	(d) Watt/m	
			PART - B (5 x	2= 10 Marks)		
11.	Exa	mine the Accuracy of	CO1-U			
12.	Clas	sify the types of instru	CO2-U			
13.	Outline the circuit diagram of Maxwell bridge CO3-U					
14.	Clas	ssify the different met	CO4-U			
15.	Exp	olain any 4 types of an	CO5-U			
			PART - C (5	x 16= 80Marks)		
16.	(a)	Explain the function diagram	al elements of mea	surement system with neat	CO1-U	(16)
			Or			
	(b)	If the rms value of r were 3.5, 3.452, 3.62	CO1-U	(16)		
		(iv) Standard deviation	` ′	tion (iii) Average deviation		
17.	(a)	Illustrate the constr Derive the equation f		ag of PMMC instruments.	CO2- U	(16)
	(b)	Explain the construction of the Explain the equation of	ction and working o	of moving iron instruments.	CO3- U	(16)
18.	(a)	Explain the circuit of low resistance. De		idge used for measurement or balance.	CO3- U	(16)

(b) Illustrate the construction and working of laboratory type DC CO3-U (16) potentiometer with a neat sketch. 19. (a) Illustrate the working principle of digital storage oscilloscope to CO4- U (16) display the waveforms. Or Bring out how data loggers measure and record data effortlessly, CO4- U (16) accurately and quickly explaining the working of them. What is data logger? 20. (a) Explain the construction and working of LVDT with a neat sketch CO5-U (16) Or Explain the binary weighted resistor technique of D/A conversion. CO5- U (16)(b)