Reg. No. :
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# **Question Paper Code: 55423**

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022

Fifth Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

# 01UEC523 - COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

(Common to EIE and ICE)

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A -  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. List two major limitations of amplitude modulation.
- 2. Classify the frequency modulation depending upon the value of modulation index.
- 3. Relate the signal frequencies and bit rate in minimum shift keying modulation.
- 4. What is the main difference between DPCM and DM?
- 5. When will entropy function have its maximum value?
- 6. Why cyclic codes are well suited for error detection?
- 7. Give the advantages of CDMA.
- 8. Define spread spectrum.
- 9. Tell about apogee and perigee.
- 10. What is SCADA?

11. (a) Explain the generation of FM signal using reactance modulator with neat diagram. (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Illustrate the generation of SSB-SC using phase shift method. (8)
  - (ii) Explain the working principle of Armstrong transmitter. (8)
- 12. (a) Explain in detail about FSK.

#### Or

- (b) Explain BFSK modulation scheme with transmitter and receiver block diagrams. (16)
- 13. (a) Encode the data 01001110 using NRZ, RZ, AMI coding. (16)

#### Or

- (b) A rate 1/3 convolution encoder has generating vectors as  $G1 = (1 \ 0 \ 0), G2 = (1 \ 1 \ 1), G3 = (1 \ 0 \ 1).$ 
  - (i) Sketch the encoder configuration.
  - (ii) Draw the code tree, state diagram and trellis diagram.
  - (iii) If input message sequence is 10110, determine the output sequence of the encoder. (16)
- 14. (a) Discuss in detail the concept of TDMA and SDMA and their applications in wire and wireless communication. (16)

## Or

- (b) Narrate the concept of slow frequency hopping and sast frequency hopping with a neat sketch. (16)
- 15. (a) (i) Explain the block diagram of an optical fiber communication system. (10)
  - (ii) Give the comparison of the LED and LASER. (6)

### Or

(b) Brief the concepts of SCADA. (16)

(16)