ŀ	A	Reg. No. :									
Question Paper Code: 91005											
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022											
	First Semester										
	Computer Science and Engineering										
19UCY105 - APPLIED CHEMISTRY											
(Common to EEE, ECE, IT and Biomedical Engineering)											
	(Regulation 2019)										
Dura	ation: Three hours	Answer A	II Ou	estions			N	laxiı	num	: 100) Marks
	Answer ALL Questions										
1.	PART A - $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ Which one of the following pair of atoms most likely to form an ionic bond?						CO1- R				
	(a) Na & F	(b) C & C	(c) l	N & F				(d)	F &	F	
2.	Which among the foll	Which among the following is weakest bond?							CO1- R		
	(a) Covalent bond	Covalent bond (b) Ionic bond (c) Metallic bond			1	(d) Hydrogen bond					
3.	Which among the following will have a highest melting point? CO1						CO1- R				
	(a) NaI	(b) NaBr	(c) NaCl				(d) NaF				
4.	Temporary hardness is due to							CO2- R			
	(a) MgSO ₄	(b) $Ca(HCO_3)_2$	(c) (CaSO ₄				(d)	Mg(CO_3	
5.							CO2- R				
	(a) CaCl ₂	(b) MgCl ₂	(c) (CaCO ₃				(d)	Mg(CO_3	
6.	What does 'e' waste s	stands for									CO3- R
	(a) Environment wast	e (b) Electronic w	vaste	(c) Eq	uipme	ent w	aste	(0	d) Er	ergy	v waste
7.	The liquid crystals that	at posses a thread str	ucture	are cal	led						CO3- R
	(a) Cholosteric liquid crystals (b) Semantic liquid cry					erysta	als				
	(c) Nematic liquid crystals			(d) Isotropic liquid crystals							

8.	Which of the following in not a characteristic of lithium batteries?							
	(a) l	t contain non aqueous electrolyte (b) It has high cell	voltage					
	(c) It is operational over limited temperature range (d) It has high energy density							
9.	Dur	During charging, the density of the electrolyte of a lead acid battery						
	(a) l	Increase (b) Decrease (c) Remaining Same ((d) Become Zero					
10.	A fı	el cell is used to convert chemical energy into	,	CO4- R				
	(a) I	Mechanical Energy (b) Solar Energy (c) Electrical Energy (d) Potential	otential Energy				
PART - B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)								
11.	State Aufbau principle CO1- R							
12.	Def	СО	CO2- R					
13.	Wh	СО	CO2- Ana					
14.	Wha	CO	CO3- R					
15.	Hov	CO	CO4- U					
		PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)						
16.	(a)	(i) Describe the characteristics properties of Ionic compounds.	CO1-U	(8)				
		(ii) Discuss the Hydrogen bonding with its consequences	CO1-U	(8)				
	(b)	Or (i) State and explain pauli exclusion principle	CO1-U	(8)				
		(ii) Explain the hybridization involved and predict the shape for the following molecule (a) CH_4 (b) C_2H_2 .	e CO1-U	(8)				
17.	(a)	How is hardness of water determined by complexomteric method Write the necessary calculation. Or	? CO2- U	(16)				
	(b)	(i) Explain the process of scale and sludge formation in boilers.	CO2- U	(8)				
		(ii) Discuss the demineralization process by ion exchange proces in detail	s CO2-U	(8)				
18.	(a)	(i) With help of a neat diagram explain the reverse osmosis method for desalination of brackish water.	1 CO2-U	(8)				
		(ii) Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness of a water sample containing $Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 220$ mg/lit, $Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 56$ mg/lit, $MgCl_2 = 130$ mg/lit, $MgSO_4 = 84$ mg/lit and $CaSO_4 = 98$ mg/lit, Atomic weight: $Ca = 40$, $Mg = 24$ C = 12, $S = 32$, $O = 16$, $H = 1$, $Cl = 35.5$.	t	(8)				

	Or						
	(b)	Explain Zeolite process of water softening. Give its advantages and disadvantages.	CO2- U	(16)			
19.	(a)	Discuss the structure and applications of liquid crystals	CO3- U	(16)			
		Or					
	(b)	(i) Discuss the importance of green chemistry.		(8)			
		(ii) Describe any four methods of disposal of e waste.	CO3- U	(8)			
20.	(a)	Explain the construction and application of a lead acid battery along with reaction involved during charging and discharging.	CO4- U	(16)			
Or							
	(b)	(i) Explain the construction and working of Hydrogen – Oxygen fuel cell.	CO4- U	(8)			

(ii) Describe the working of a dry cell using example of Leclanche CO4- U (8) cell.