A		Reg. No. :											
	Question Paper Code: 52106												
	B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022												
	Second Semester												
	Civil Engineering												
	15UCE206-BASIC ENGINEERING MECHANICS												
	(Regulation 2015)												
Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks													
1	What doog Nowton's th	Answer AI PART A - (10	LL Q x 1)uest = 10	ions Mar	ks)						CO1 B	
1.	 what does Newton's third law states? (a) The rate of abange of momentum is equal to the force emplied 									COI-K			
	(a) The rate of change of momentum is equal to the force applied												
(b) For every reaction, there is an opposite reaction(c) The body tends to be rotated if the force is applied tangentially(d) The body is rest until a force is applied													
C	What is not the condit	in a force is applied							n		CO1 P		
۷.	of axis?											С01-К	
	(a) ∑Fx=0	$x=0$ (b) $\Sigma Fy=0$ (c) $\Sigma Fz=0$						(0	(d) ∑F≠0				
3.	There are two types of loading. The uniformly distributed and the non- uniformly distributed that is the one having two different values at corners.										CO2-R		
	(a) The first part of the statement is false and other part is true												
	(b) The first part of the	lse to	00										
(c) The first part of the statement is true and other part is false(d) The first part of the statement is true and other part is true too													
4.	To design the trusses which of the following rules is followed?									CO2-R			
(a) All the loads are applied by the use of cables													
	(b) The loads are appli												
	(c) All the loads are not applied at the joints												
	(d) The loads are not applied at all to the joints												

5.	The friction experienced by a body, when in motion, is known as										
	(a) rolling friction (b) dynamic friction (c) limiting friction (d) static fric	tion									
6.	At what conditions the dry friction occurs between the surfaces in contact?	CO3-R									
	(a) When there is no lubricating fluid (c) When there is no adhesive flu	id									
	(b) When there is no friction fluid (d) When there is no cohesive flu	id									
7.	The centre of gravity is the ratio of to	CO4-R									
) The product of centroid and weight to the total weight										
	(b) The addition of centroid and weight to the total weight										
	(c) The subtraction of centroid and weight to the total weight										
	(d) The product of centroid and weight to the total mass										
8.	The point, through which the whole weight of the body acts, irrespective of CO4-R its position, is known as										
	a) moment of inertia (b) centre of gravity										
	(c) centre of percussion (d) centre of mass										
9.	The distance in the parallel axis theorem for the use in the determination of CO5-R the product of the moment of inertia is multiplied by:										
	(a) Area (b) Volume (c) Linear distance (d) Area/Vol	ume									
10.	What is the formula of theorem of perpendicular axis ?	CO5-R									
	(a) $I_{zz} = I_{xx} - I_{yy}$ (b) $I_{zz} = I_{xx} + Ah^2$ (c) $I_{zz} - I_{xx} = I_{yy}$ (d) None of the men	tioned									
	PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)										
11.	Two concurrent forces of 12N and 18N are acting at angle of 60 0 . Find the resultant force.	CO1-R									
12.	State the different types of supports.										
13.	Classify the types of friction.										
14.	What is mean by axis of symmetry?										
15.	State parallel axis theorem	CO5-R									
	PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)										
16.	 (a) The following forces act at a point. (i) 20 N inclined at 30⁰ towards North of East. (ii) 25 N towards North. (iii) 30 N towards North West. 	(16)									

(iv) 35 N inclined at 40° towards South West.

Determine: (1) Draw the FBD (2) Calculate the horizontal components of the forces (3) Calculate the vertical components of the forces (4) Find the resultant forces of the system (5) Direction of the resultant forces.

- Or
- (b) A force vector of magnitude 100 N, is represented by a line AB of CO1-App (16) co-ordinate a(1,2,3) and B(5,8,12) determine
 (i) The components of the force along x,y and z axes
 (ii) Angles with x,y and z axes
 (iii)Specify the force vector
- 17. (a) (i) Define beam. What are the different types of supports? Draw CO2-App (6) the reaction components of each support.
 (ii) A simply supported beam of span 9m and it is subjected to CO2-App (10) two point loads of 15 kN and 25 kN acting at a distance of 3m and 8m from left support respectively. Determine : (1) loading Diagram (2) Calculate Total Load (3) Calculate support reactions.

Or

(b) A truss of 8 m span is loaded as shown in below figure. Find the CO2-Ana (16) support reactions.



18. (a) A body lying in a horizontal plane is able to start to move when a CO3-Ana (16) 200 N force is applied to the horizontal plane. If this force is replaced with a force of 150 N acting 30⁰ to the horizontal. Determine the co-efficient of friction and weight of the body.

- (b) (i) A belt is running over a pulley of diameter 800mm and CO3-Ana (8) develop a tension of 900 N on the tight side and the angle of lap is 165⁰ and coefficient of friction b/w the belt and pulley is 0.15. Find the power transmitted by the pulley when it rotates @ 300RPM.
 (ii) State coulombs' laws of dry friction. CO3-U (8)
- 19. (a) Locate the centroid of the angle section of size 100x60x20 mm. CO4-Ana (16) Or
 - (b) Locate the centroid of the L-section shown in below figure. CO4-Ana (16)



20. (a) Determine the centroid and moment of inertia of an I section with CO5-U (16) the following details. Size of top and bottom flange= 160x20 mm, Size of web=160x20mm.

Or