## **Question Paper Code: 93026**

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022

Third Semester

**Chemical Engineering** 

19UMA326- Transform Techniques and Partial Differential Equations

(Regulation 2019)

(Common to Agriculture Biomedical and Bio technology)

Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

**Answer All Questions** 

PART A - (10x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. The term (a1 $\cos x + b1 \sin x$ ) in fourier series is called ----- CO6-U

(a) First harmonic

(b) Second harmonic

(c) Third harmonic

- (d) Fourier Coefficients
- The root mean square value of f(x) in (0, 1) is-----

CO1- App

(a) 1

- (b)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (c)  $l/\sqrt{3}$

(d) 2l

3.  $F_{s}[e^{-ax}]=$ 

CO2- App

- (a)  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left( \frac{a}{s^2 + a^2} \right)$  (b)  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left( \frac{s}{s^2 + a^2} \right)$  (c)  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left( \frac{a^2}{s^2 + a^2} \right)$  (d)  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left( \frac{s^2}{s^2 + a^2} \right)$
- In Modulation property,  $F[f(x) \cos ax] =$ 4.

CO6- U

$$(a)_{\frac{1}{2}[F(s+a)-F(s-a)]}$$

$$(b)\frac{1}{2}[F(s+a)+F(s-a)]$$

(c) 
$$[F(s \square a) \square F(s \square a)]$$

(d) 
$$F(s+a) + F(s-a)$$

The difference equation of  $z(e^{an})$ 5.

CO<sub>3</sub>- App

(a) 
$$\frac{z}{z+e^a}$$

$$(b) \frac{z^2}{z + e^a}$$

$$(c)\frac{z}{z-e^a} \qquad (d)\frac{z^2}{z-e^a}$$

$$(d)\frac{z^2}{z-e^a}$$

The Z transform ofn2<sup>n</sup>is \_\_\_ 6.

CO6- U

$$a)\frac{2z}{(z-2)^2}$$

$$b)\frac{z}{(z-2)^2}$$

$$c)\frac{2z}{(z+2)^2}$$

 $d)\frac{z}{(z+2)^2}$ 

The general solution of 2r + 5s - 3t = 0is 7.

CO4- App

(a) 
$$f_1(y+3x) + f_2(2y-x)$$

(b) 
$$f_1(3y + x) + f_2(y + 2x)$$

(c) 
$$f_1(y - 3x) + f_2(2y - x)$$

(d) none of these

The particular integral of  $(D^2 + 3DD' - 4D'^2)z = \sin y is$ 

CO<sub>4</sub>- App

$$(a)\frac{1}{2}\sin y$$

$$(b)\frac{1}{4}\sin y$$

(d) -sin y

In a one dimensional waveequation,  $c^2=$ \_. 9.

CO6- U

(a) 
$$T^2/m^2$$

(c) 
$$T/m^2$$

(d)  $T^2/m$ 

10. An insulated rod of length 60 cm has its ends at A and B kept at 20°C and CO5- App 80°C respectively, then its steady state solution is

(b) 
$$4x+20$$

(c) 
$$x+20$$

(d)x+60

PART - B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

11. State Dirichlet's conditions

CO6- U

12. Find  $F_c[e^{-ax}]$ 

CO6- U

Find  $z \left\lceil \frac{1}{n!} \right\rceil$ 

CO3-App

14. Solve  $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$ 

CO4- App

15. Write the three Possible solutions of the one dimensional wave equations

CO6- U

$$PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$$

The table of values of the function y = f(x) is given below: 16. (a)

CO1- App (16)

X	0	$\pi/3$			$4\pi/_{3}$	$5\pi/_3$	2π
y:	1.0	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0

Find a Fourier series up to the third harmonic to represent f(x) in terms of x

Or

- (b) (i) Calculate the Fourier series expansion for  $f(x) = x + x^2$  in  $(-\pi, CO1 Ana)$  (8)
  - (ii) Find the Fourier Sine Series of f(x) = x in (0, l) CO1 -Ana (8)
- 17. (a) Show that the Fourier transform of CO2 -App (16)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2 & |x| < a \\ 0 & |x| > a \end{cases}$$
 is  $2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[ \frac{\sin sa - sa \cos sa}{s^3} \right]$  Hence deduce 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} dt = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

Using Parseval's identity show that  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^{3}} \right)^{2} dt = \frac{\pi}{15}$ 

Or

(b) (i) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2} dx}{(x^{2} + a^{2})^{2}}$$
 (8)

(ii) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\left(x^{2}+9\right)\left(x^{2}+4\right)}$$
 CO2 -App (8)

18. (a) (i) Find the 
$$z^{-1} \left[ \frac{12z^2}{(3z-1)(4z-1)} \right]$$
 using convolution theorem (8)

(ii) Solve 
$$y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2^n$$
 given  $y_0 = y_1 = 0$  CO3- App (8)

Or

(b) (i) Evaluate 
$$Z[r^n \cos n\theta]$$
 and  $Z[r^n \sin n\theta]$  CO3- App (8)

(ii) Evaluate 
$$z^{-1} \left[ \frac{z^3}{(z-1)^2(z-2)} \right]$$
 using partial fraction. (8)

19. (a) (i) Solve 
$$x^2(y-z)p + y^2(z-x)q = z^2(x-y)$$
 CO4-App (8)

(ii) Solve 
$$(D^2 - 4DD' + 4D'^2)z = e^{2x+y} + \sin(3x + 4y)$$
 CO4-App (8)

Or

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- (b) (i) Solve  $z=px+qy+p^2q^2$  CO4 -App (8)
  - (ii) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the CO4-App (8) arbitrary function f and g in  $z = x^2 f(y) + y^2 g(x)$
- 20. (a) A String is stretched and fastened to two points l apart .Motion is CO5- App (16) started by displacing the string into the form y=K x(l-x) from which it is released at t=0.Find the displacement of any point at a distance 'x' at any time 't'.

Or

(b) A bar of 10cm long with insulated sides has its ends A and B kept CO5-App (16) at 20° c and 40° c respectively. Until steady state condition prevails. The temperature at A is then suddenly raised to 50° c and at the same instant B is lower to 10° c and maintained thereafter. Find the subsequent temperature distribution in the bar.