Question Paper Code: 35404

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, AUGUST 2021

Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

01UEC504- TRANSMISSION LINES AND WAVEGUIIDES

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: 1:45 hour

Maximum: 50 Marks

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

(Answer any ten of the following questions)

- 1. List the properties about symmetrical networks.
- 2. Draw the frequency response characteristics of constant K low pass filter.
- 3. Discover the applications of transmissions lines.
- 4. State distortion less line and mention the condition for a distortionless line.
- 5. Justify the reason for preferring a short circuited stub when compared to an open circuited stub.
- 6. Define SWR.
- 7. Write Maxwell's equations.
- 8. Distinguish between TE and TM waves.
- 9. Mention the application of rectangular waveguide.
- 10. Define resonant cavities.
- 11. Draw the frequency response characteristics of constant K low pass filter.
- 12. List the advantages of m derived filter.
- 13. List any two advantages of lumped loading.
- 14. Define deflection coefficient.

15. What is need for smith chart?

PART – B (3 x 10= 30 Marks)

(Answer any three of the following questions)

- 16. Derive the characteristic impedance and propagation constant of a symmetrical T-Network. (10)
- 17. Derive the general transmission line equation for voltage and current at any point on a line. (10)
- 18. A transmission line has a characteristic impedance of 300 Ω and terminated in a load $Z_L = 150 + j150 \Omega$. Find the following using smith chart.
 - (1) VSWR.
 - (2) Input impedance at a distance 0.1λ from the load.
 - (3) Input admittance from 0.1 λ
 - (4) Position of first voltage minimum and maximum from the load. (10)
- 19. Derive the field expression of TM waves guided by a parallel conducting plane. (10)
- 20. A rectangular air-filled waveguide with dimension 0.9 *inch* x 0.4 inch cross section and 12 *inch* length is operated at 9.2 *GHz* with a dominant mode. Find cut-off frequency, guide wave-length, phase velocity, characteristics impedance and the loss. (10)