Reg. No.:					

Question Paper Code: 92006

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, AUGUST 2021

Second Semester

Civil Engineering

19UPH206 – BUILDING PHYSICS

(Regulation 2019)

	(Regulation 2019)		
D	uration: 1.45 hrs	Maximum: 50	Marks
	PART A (Answer Any Ten)	10*2 = 2	0 Marks
1.	Illustrates the benefits of thermal insulation		CO2 – U
2.	A black wood stove with surface area 4.6 m2 is made from cast iron with mm thick. Its interior wall is at 650°C while the exterior is at 647°C. Crate of heat loss by radiation from the stove?		CO1 – U
3.	Give a short note on Heat Exchange processes between a building and environment	d the external	CO2 – U
4.	A spherical container of negligible thickness having heat loss by vent and by infiltration is 10K. The total heat loss is about 15K. Estimate theat loss.		CO1 – U
5.	The intensity of sound produced by thunder is 0.1 Wm ⁻² . Calculate level in decibel.	the intensity	CO1 – U
6.	Prove that an increase of sound intensity level by 1 dB would intensity by 26%	increase the	CO5– App
7.	List out the characteristics of musical sound.		CO2 –U
8.	Classify sound waves based on the frequency.		CO2-U
9	Illustrates the advantages of shape memory alloys.		CO2-U
10	State the disadvantages of shape memory alloys.		CO2-U
11	Give classification of ceramics based on crystal structure.		CO2 – U
12	Mention the steps for the processing of ceramic materials.		CO2-U
13	Mention different forms of nanomaterials		CO2 – U

14	What are two routes through which nanoparticles can be synthesized?	CO2 – U		
15	Mention few techniques for synthesis of nano phase materials.	CO2	CO2- U	
	PART B (Answer Any Three)	3*10 = 30 M	I arks	
16.	The walls are constructed from an inner fire brick wall 25 cm thick of thermal conductivity 0.4 W/mK. Calculate the rate of heat loss through the vertical walls of a boiler furnace of size 4 m breadth 3 m high. Its overall heat transfer coefficient 1000 and the inside temperature of the fire brick layer was measured at 6000°C and the temperature of the outside of the insulation 600°C.	CO1-App	(10)	
17	i) A hall has a volume of $1.3 \times 10^5 \text{m}^3$. It has a reverberation time of 1.4 second. What is the average absorption coefficient of the surface if total absorbing surface is $25,000\text{m}^2$.	CO5-App	(10)	
	ii) Calculate the reverberation time for an auditorium in which sound decays by absorption through 40 dB in 1.2 second.			
18	Derive expressions for growth and decay of energy density inside a hall and hence deduce Sabine's formula for the reverberation time of the hall.	CO2- U	(10)	
19	Explain the preparation, types, properties and applications of metallic glasses.	CO2- U	(10)	
20	Describe the carbon nano tubes with properties and applications.	CO2- U	(10)	