## **Question Paper Code: R4405**

## B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL / MAY 2025

## Fourth Semester

		Electronics and Comm	nunication Engineering			
	R21UE	EC405- ANALOG AND	DIGITAL COMMUNIO	CATION		
		(Regulation	ons R2021)			
Dur	ation: Three hours			Maximum	: 100 Marks	
		Answer AL	L Questions			
		PART A - (5	x 1 = 5Marks			
1.	The advantages of the modulation are				CO1-U	
	(a) High energy of carrier		(b) Noise can be re-	(b) Noise can be reduced		
	(c) Multiplexing is possible		(d) All of the above	(d) All of the above		
2. A 12 MHz carrier gets modulated by a sine signal with a frequency bearing the frequency deviation of about 50 kHz. Find the bandwidth?					Hz CO1-U	
	(a) 100	(b) 101	(c) 102	(d) 1	03	
3.	Quantization noise	e can be reduced by	the number of lev	els.	CO1-U	
	(a) Decreasing	(b) Increasing	(c) Doubling	(d) So	quaring	
4.	QPSK system uses	s a phase shift of			CO1-U	
	(a) Π	(b) 2Π	(c) Π/2	(d) Π	7/4	
5.	The main objective of Trellis coding is		_		CO1-U	
	(a) To narrow the Bandwidth		(b)To simplify the	(b)To simplify the modulation		
	(c) To increase the data rate		(d)To reduce the er	(d)To reduce the error rate		
		PART - B (5 x	x 3= 15 Marks)			
6.	A transmitter supplies 8 KW to the antenna when modulated. Determine the total power radiated when modulated to 30%.				CO2- App	
7.	List the properties of the Bessel function.				CO1- U	
8.	What are the advantages of DM over PCM				CO1- U	
9.	Differentiate between coherent and non coherent detection techniques.				CO1- U	

10. Determine code vector for the message 001 given check bits as

CO3- App

C1=m1⊕m3

C2=m2 ⊕m3

 $C3=m1 \oplus m2$ 

## $PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ Marks})$

11. (a) Derive the expression of DSB-SC AM wave with time domain CO1-U representation, Frequency spectrum and calculate its Power Savings.

Or

- (b) Derive the expression of an AM wave, modulation index, total CO1-U power and Transmission efficiency (16)
- 12. (a) A 107.6 MHz carrier signal is frequency modulated by a 7 kHz CO2 App (16) sine wave. The resultant FM signal has a frequency deviation of 50 kHz. Determine
  - a) Carrier swing of the FM signal
  - b) Highest and lowest frequencies attained by the modulated signal
  - c) Modulation index of the FM wave.
  - d) Bandwidth of FM

Or

- (b) A 200 MHz carrier signal is frequency modulated by a 7 kHz sine CO2 App wave. The resultant FM signal has a frequency deviation of 50kHz.Determine
  - a) Carrier swing of the FM signal
  - b) Highest and lowest frequencies attained by the modulated signal
  - c) Modulation index of the FM wave.
  - d) Bandwidth of FM
- 13. (a) The television signal with a bandwidth of W=f<sub>m</sub>=4.2 MHz is CO3 App (16) transmitted using PCM. The number of quantization level is 512. The amplitude of signal is varied from 7V to -7V. Calculate (i) Nyquist rate (ii) code word length or number of bits (iii) transmission bandwidth (iv) final bit rate (v) step size

Or

- (b) Consider the input data sequence of alternate 1's and 0's. Sketch CO3 App the waveforms for each of these sequences using following methods. (i) Unipolar NRZ (ii) Unipolar RZ (iii) Polar NRZ, (iv) Polar RZ (v) Bipolar NRZ (vi) Bipolar RZ (vii) Manchester (viii) Differential Manchester.
- 14. (a) Explain the digital modulation techniques in which the frequency CO1-U of the modulated signal is shifted relative to the previous signal element.

Or

- (b) Explain the digital modulation techniques in which the phase of CO1-U the modulated signal is shifted relative to the previous signal element.
- 15. (a) A message source generates one of four messages randomly every CO5- Ana (16) microsecond. The probabilities of these messages are 0.4, 0.3, 0.2, and 0.1. Each emitted message is independent of the other messages in the sequence.
  - a) What is the source entropy?
  - b) What is the rate of information generated by this source (in bits per second)?

Or

(b) For a discrete memory less source 'S' with 5 symbols CO5- Ana (16)  $S_1,S_2,S_3,S_4,S_5$ . The probability of occurrence of these symbols are given as  $P(S_1) = 0.4$ ,  $P(S_2)=0.2$ ,  $P(S_3)=0.2$ ,  $P(S_4)=0.1$ ,  $P(S_5)=0.1$ . Construct a Huffman code and also calculate its efficiency.