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Question Paper Code: U3023

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2024

Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

21UMA323- NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

(Regulations 2021)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer All Questions

PART A - (10x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Trapezoidal rule is so called, because it approximates the integral by the sum of _____ trapezoids CO1-U
(a) n (b) n+1 (c) n-1 (d) 2n
2. Gaussian three point quadrature formula is exact for polynomials up to degree _____ CO1- U
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 5
3. Taylor Series method will be very useful to give some _____ values for RK, Milne's and Adam's methods CO2- U
(a) initial (b) final (c) intermediate (d) two
4. _____ prior values are required to predict the next value in Milne's method CO2- U
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
5. PDE of second order, if $B^2 - 4AC < 0$ then CO6- U
(a) parabolic (b) elliptic (c) hyperbolic (d) Non homogeneous
6. Bender-Schmidt recurrence equation is valid if $\lambda =$ CO6- U
(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{3}$ (c) $\frac{1}{4}$ (d) 1
7. The trivial subspaces of a vector space V are _____ CO4- U
(a) {0} (b) V (c) W (d) {0} and V

8. The $\dim(\mathbb{R}^3)$ is _____ CO6- U
 (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 0
9. The norm of $(3, -4, 0)$ is _____ CO5- App
 (a) 3 (b) -4 (c) 0 (d) 5
10. For any two vectors x and y in an inner product space V , $|\langle x, y \rangle| \leq$ _____ CO6- U

 (a) $\|x\| + \|y\|$ (b) $\|x\| \|y\|$ (c) $\|x\| - \|y\|$ (d) $\|x\| / \|y\|$

PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

11. State Newton's backward interpolation formula to compute first two derivatives of y at $x = x_n$ CO1- U
12. Using Taylor's series method find $y(0.1)$ given $y' = 1 + y$ with $y(0) = 1$ CO2- App
13. State Bender-Schmidt explicit formula to solve the one dimensional heat equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = a \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$ CO3- U
14. State Rank nullity theorem CO4- U
15. Find the norm of $(1, 2, 3)$ in $V_3(\mathbb{R})$ with standard inner product. CO5 App

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

16. (a) (i) Calculate the first and second derivatives of y at $x = 1$ from the following data CO1-App (8)

x	1	2	3	4
y	1	8	27	64

- (ii) Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ with 6 equal intervals by CO1-App (8)
- (a) Trapezoidal rule
- (b) Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule.

Or

- (b) (i) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \frac{dx}{4+x^2}$ using Romberg's method correct to 4 decimal places. CO1 -App (8)
- (ii) Evaluate $\int_1^5 \frac{1}{x} dx$ using three point Gaussian quadrature formula CO1 -App (8)

17. (a) (i) Using Taylor's series method find $y(1.1)$ given $y' = x + y$ with $y(1)=0$ CO2 -App (8)
- (ii) Using Euler's method find $y(0.1)$ and $y(0.2)$ from $y' = 1 - y$, $y(0)=0$ CO2 -App (8)
- Or
- (b) (i) Using R-K method of fourth order, find $y(0.1)$ for the initial value problem $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$, $y(0) = 1$ CO2 -App (8)
- (ii) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^3 + y$, $y(0) = 2$, $y(0.2) = 2.443$, $y(0.4) = 2.99$, $y(0.6) = 3.68$. Calculate $y(0.8)$ by Milne's Predictor & Corrector method. CO2 -App (8)
18. (a) (i) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 32 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$, $u(0,t) = 0$, $u(1,t) = t$, $u(x,0) = 0$. Take $h = 0.25$ and find the values of u up to $t = 5$ using Bender-Schmidt's difference equation. CO3- App (8)
- (ii) Using Crank-Nicholson's difference equation to solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$, $u(0,t) = 0$, $u(1,t) = t$, $u(x,0) = 0$. compute u for one time step function with $h=0.25$. CO3- App (8)
- Or
- (b) Solve the Poisson equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = -81xy$, $0 < x < 1$, $0 < y < 1$, $u(0,y)=0$, $u(x,0) = 0$, $u(1,y)=100$, $u(x,1)=100$ and $h=1/3$ CO3- App (16)
19. (a) (i) Verify the vectors $(1,2,0)$, $(2,3,0)$, $(8,13,0)$ in \mathbb{R}^3 is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3 CO4-App (8)
- (ii) If $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be a linear transformation defined by $T(a_1, a_2) = (a_1 + a_2, a_1)$ then find nullity(T), rank(T), Is T one-to-one? Is T onto? Also check the rank nullity theorem. CO4-App (8)
- Or

- (b) (i) Find the dimension of the subspace spanned by the vectors $(1,2,-3), (0,0,1), (-1,2,1)$ in $V_3(\mathbf{R})$ CO4-App (8)
- (ii) Find the matrix of the linear transformation $T : V_2(\mathbf{R}) \rightarrow V_3(\mathbf{R})$ defined by $T(a, b) = (a + 3b, 0, 2a - 4b)$ for the standard basis of $V_2(\mathbf{R})$ CO4-App (8)
20. (a) Apply Gram-Schmidt process to construct an orthonormal basis for $V_3(\mathbf{R})$ with the standard inner product for the basis $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ where $v_1 = (1, -1, 0)$, $v_2 = (2, -1, -2)$ and $v_3 = (1, -1, 2)$ CO5- App (16)
- Or
- (b) (i) Show that the following function defines an inner product on $V_2(\mathbf{R})$ where $x = (x_1, x_2)$ and $y = (y_1, y_2)$ and $\langle x, y \rangle = x_1 y_1 + 2 x_2 y_2$ CO5- App (8)
- (ii) If $x = (2, 1 + i, i)$ and $y = (2 - i, 2, 1 + i)$ then verify Schwarz's inequality CO5- App (8)