	Reg. No. :	
Question Paper Code: U4203		
B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024		
Fourth Semester		
Computer science and Engineering		
21UCS403- ALGORITHM ANALYSIS		
(Regulations 2021)		
(Common to IT, AI&DS, CSD and CSE(AIML) Engineering branches)		
Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks		
	Answer All Questions	
1.	PART A - $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ Find GCD(31415, 14142) by applying Euclid's algorithm.	D2-App
2.	How will you measure an input size to develop an algorithm?	D1-U
3.	What is the worst case complexity of Binary Search? Justify your answer with Co an example.	D1-U
4.	Differentiate the methods involved in Brute force approach and Divide & Co Conquer approach.	D1-U
5.	Write an algorithm to find the shortest path using Kruskals algorithm with its Co analysis.	D2-App
6.	Define dynamic programming with an example.	01 - U
7.	List the procedure used in recursive backtracking algorithm.	J1- U
8.	Write the steps involved in Knapsack Problem with its analysis	01 - U
9.	Define the terms Clique and Vertex Cover.	01 - U
10.	What is meant by NP hard and NP complete? CO PART $- B (5 \times 16 = 80 \text{Marks})$	D1-U
11.	 (a) Discuss the fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving. CO2-App Examine how time efficiency of an algorithm can be calculated to find the given number in the list. Or 	(16)
	(b) Examine the Asymptotic efficiency analysis for finding the CO2-App	(16)

factorial of given number.

12. (a) Apply merge sort algorithm to sort the given numbers CO2-App (16) 40,55,63,17,22,68,89,97 and also analyze the efficiency of this algorithm

Or

- (b) Apply quick sort and bubble sort to sort the following array
 A [5, 3, 1, 9, 8, 2, 4, 7]. Compare its efficiency
- 13. Construct an Optimal Binary Search tree for the given list of Keys CO2- App (a) (16)С Key А В D Probability 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.3 Or
 - (b) Apply Prims algorithm to find the Minimum Spanning Tree for the CO2- App (16) following graph.



14. (a) Consider knapsack problem: n = 8. (W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6, W2, CO2- App (16) W8) = (1, 11, 21, 23, 33, 43, 45, 55), P = (11, 21, 31, 33, 43, 53, 55, 65), m = 110. Solve the problem using Branch and Bound approach.

Or

- (b) The N-queens puzzle is the problem of placing N chess queens on CO2- App (16) an N × N chessboard so that no two queens threaten each other. Thus, the solution requires that no two queens share the same row, column, or diagonal. Use the suitable technique to print all possible solution to this problem by assigning n as 4.
- 15. (a) Differentiate NP hard and NP complete problems with its CO1-U (16) algorithm analysis.

Or

(b) Explain non-deterministic sorting algorithm and also analyze its CO1-U (16) complexity.