Question Paper Code: U1P03

Reg. No. :

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2024

First Semester

Civil Engineering

21UPH103- ENGINEERING PHYSICS

(Common to ALL branches)

(Regulations 2021)

Duration: Three hours

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- 1. If the Miller indices of two planes are (211) and (422), then they are: CO4 -App
 - (a) Parallel (b) perpendicular (c) they are at an angle of 45° (d) none of the above
- 2. Copper has FCC structure and its atomic radius is 1.273X10⁻¹⁰m. Find the CO4 App lattice parameter.
 - (a) 4.26×10^{-10} m (b) 4.28×10^{-10} m (c) 5.33×10^{-10} m (d) 3.6×10^{-10} m
- 3. If in a young's double slit experiment the distance between the two slits is CO1-U halved and the distance between the slit and the screen is doubled then fringe width
 - (a) remains the same (b) decreased by 4 times
 - (c) increases by 4 times (d) increases by 2 times
- 4. Zero order fringe can be identified using CO1-U

 (a) White light
 (b) yellow light
 (c) Achromatic light
 (d) Monochromatic light

 5. For semiconductor laser the band gap is 0.80 ev. What is the wavelength CO3- App
 - of light emitted.
- (a) 1.223μm
 (b)1.064μm
 (c)1.321μm
 (d) 1.55μm
 6. Holography is based on the principle of
 CO1-U
 - (a) Interference (b) Diffraction (c) Polarization (d) Double refraction

Maximum: 100 Marks

7.	In a finite Potential well, the potential energy outside the box is			CO2-U
	(a) zero	(b) infinite	(c) constant	(d) variable
8.	Matter waves are not_	waves.		CO2-U
	(a) electromagnetic	(b) electric	(c) magnetic	(d) transverse
9.	A man grows into a giant such that his linear dimensions increase by a factor of 9. Assuming that his density remains the same, the stress in the leg will change by a factor of			
	(a) 1/9	(b) 81	(c) 1/81	(d) 9
10.	Maximum limit up to which stress is applied on body without deformation CO2 is called			
	(a) limit	(b) elastic limit	(c) strain	(d) torque
PART - B (5 x 2= 10Marks)				
11	The lattice constant for a ECC structure is 4.938 Å Calculate the Interplanar CO4-App			

- 11. The lattice constant for a FCC structure is 4.938 Å. Calculate the Interplanar CO4-App spacing of (220) planes.
- 12. Why colours are formed in thin films? CO1- U



Explain the above Pictorial Representation

- 14. State the properties of matter waves?
- 15. Read the following two statements carefully and state with reasons. Analyze CO6-Ana whether it is true or false.
 - (a) The young's modulus of rubber is greater than that of steel.
 - (b) The stretching of a coil is determined by its shear modulus.

CO2- U

 $PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

16. (a) What are miller indices? Sketch two successive (110) planes. CO1-U (16) Show that for a cubic lattice the distance between two successive plane (h k l) is given by

$$d = \frac{a}{\sqrt{h^2 + k^2 + l^2}}$$

Or

- (b) What is axial ratio? Prove that the packing factor of HCP is 0.74. CO1- U (16)
- 17. (a) Apply the theory of Young's double slit experiment and calculate CO1- U (16) the width of bright and dark fringes.

Or

- (b) Describe the necessary theory, the method of determining the CO1-U (16) refractive index of a given liquid medium using the Newton's rings method.
- 18. (a) (i) Derive Einstein's A and B coefficients.CO1- U(12)(ii) Calculate the relative population of sodium atoms in sodiumCO4 App(4)lamp in the first excited state and ground state at a temperature of 250° C [$\lambda = 590$ nm](4)

- (b) Explain the modes of vibrations of CO_2 molecule. Describe the CO1- U (16) construction and working of CO_2 laser with necessary diagrams.
- 19. (a) Explain Compton shift? Show that the Compton shift CO2- U (16)

$$\Delta \lambda = \frac{h}{m_0 c} (1 - \cos\theta)$$

Or

(b) Derive Schrodinger time independent and time dependent wave CO2- U (16) equations.

20. (a) (i) Draw the stress-strain diagram. What do you infer from this CO2-U (10) curve?
(ii) A wire of length 10m and diameter 2 mm elongates 0.2 mm CO4-App (6) when stretched by a weight of 0.55 kg Calculate Young's modulus of the material of the wire

Or

(b) Describe with necessary theory, the method of determining a CO2-U (16) young's modulus of the material of the beam of rectangular cross section by bending it uniformly.



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