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Question Paper Code: 97902

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024

Seventh Semester

Chemical Engineering

19UCH702 - TRANSPORT PHENOMENA

(Regulations 2019)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Tooth paste is an example of CO1- R
(a) Newtonian fluid (b) Dilatant (c) Bingham (d) Pseudo plastic
2. Power law model is also called as CO1- R
(a) Bingham model (b) Oswald-de Waale model
(c) Eyring model (d) The Ellis model
3. $DV\rho/\mu$ is called CO2- R
(a) Grashoff number (b) Prandtl number (c) Reynolds number (d) Nusselt Number
4. For laminar flow Reynolds number is CO2- R
(a) $N_{Re} = 2100$ (b) $N_{Re} < 2100$ (c) $N_{Re} > 2100$ (d) $N_{Re} > 4000$
5. Sun is the finest example of CO3- R
(a) Convection (b) heat flux
(c) radiation (d) Fission.
6. The ratio of driving force and resistance is called CO3- R
(a) Force (b) Flux (c) shear stress (d) shear rate
7. What is the unit of diffusion coefficient? CO4- R
(a) m^2 . (b) s (c) $m^2 s$. (d) m^2/s .
8. Diffusion of components between the phases at equilibrium is CO4- R
(a) Zero (b) Infinity (c) Changes continuously (d) Diffusion never occurs

9. Consider the above problem, estimate the value of Reynolds number CO5- R
 (a) 0.12 (b) 0.13 (c) 0.14 (d) 0.15
10. The fundamental law used for momentum transfer is CO5- R
 (a) Fourier's law (b) Fick's law (c) Newton's law (d) Eyring model

PART – B (5 x 2= 10 Marks)

11. Define Viscosity. CO1- U
12. What is No slip condition? CO2- U
13. Define Conduction. CO3- U
14. Define Fick's law of diffusion CO4- U
15. State the Reynold's analogy. CO5- R

PART – C (5 x 16= 80 Marks)

16. (a) Explain the theory of viscosity of liquids. CO1- U (16)
 Or
 (b) Compute the mean molecular velocity \bar{U} , cm sec⁻¹, and the mean free path λ of O₂ at 1 atm and 273.2⁰ K. Assume $d = 3.0 \text{ \AA}$. what is the ratio of mean free path to the molecular diameter in this situation? CO1- E (16)
 Data:
 $K = 1.38 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg/mol.K}$
 $N = 6.023 \times 10^{23} \text{ l/gm mole}$
 $n = \text{Flow behavior index} = 2.68 \times 10^{15}$
17. (a) Derive Navier-Stokes equation by equation of motion. CO2- App (16)
 Or
 (b) Find the equation for an average velocity of an incompressible fluid flowing in an annular region in two co-axial circular cylinder. Assume that the flow is laminar. CO2 -App (16)
18. (a) Calculate the heat loss per m² of surface area for an insulating wall composed of 25.4 mm thick fibre insulating board, where the inside temperature is 352.7 K and the outside temperature is 297.1 K. the thermal conductivity of fibre is 0.0048 W/m.K. CO3- App (16)

Or

- (b) A thick walled cylindrical tubing of hard rubber having an inside radius of 5mm and outside radius of 20 mm is being used as temporary cooling coil in a bath. Ice water is flowing rapidly inside, and the inside wall temperature is 274.9 K. The outside surface temperature is 297.1 K. A total of 14.65 W. heat must be removed from the bath by the cooling coil. How many m of tubing are needed? The thermal conductivity is 0.151W/m.K. CO3- App (16)
19. (a) The O₂ (a) is diffusing through CO(B) under standard conditions with CO non diffusing. The total pressure is 1×10^5 N/m² and temperature is 0°c. The partial pressure of O₂ at two planes, 2.0 mm apart is 1300 and 6500 N/m². The diffusivity of oxygen in CO is $D_{AB} = 1.87 \times 10^{-5}$ m²/sec. Calculate the rate of diffusion of O₂ in kmole/m².sec. CO4- App (16)
- Or
- (b) The solute HCl (A) is diffusing through a thin film of water (B) 2.0 mm thick at 283⁰K. The concentration of HCl at point (1) at one boundary of the film is 12 wt. % HCl ($\rho_1 = 1061$ kg/m³) and the other boundary at point (2) is 6 wt % HCl ($\rho_2=1030$ kg/m³). The diffusion co. efficient of HCl in water is 2.5×10^{-9} m²/sec. Assuming steady state conditions prevail and the boundary is impermeable to water, calculate the flux of HCl in Kmole/m².sec. CO4- App (16)
20. (a) Arrive the equation $W'_A = W L_c A_o \sqrt{4 D_{AB} V_{max} / \pi L}$ for forced convection in falling liquid film. CO5- App (16)
- Or
- (b) Explain in detail about diffusion in laminar falling film. CO5- U (16)

