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Question Paper Code: 21515

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2015.

Seventh Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EE 2401/10133 EE 701/EE 71 — POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

(Regulations 2008/2010)

(Common to PTEE 2401/10133 EE 701 — Power System Operation and Control for B.E. (Part-Time) Fifth Semester – Electrical and Electronics Engineering – Regulations 2009/2010)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

 $PART A - (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. What is the significance of load forecasting?
- 2. What is demand factor?
- 3. What is the advantage of AVR loop over ALFC?
- 4. What is meant by control area?
- 5. What is an exciter?
- 6. What is meant by stability compensation?
- 7. Draw incremental fuel cost curve.
- 8. Define crew constraints.
- 9. What are the states of power system?
- 10. What are the functions of control center?

PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

Explain with help of block diagram the role of computers implementation in power system control. (16)

Or

(b) A generating station has the following daily loads.

(16)

Time (Hours): 0-6 6-10 10-12

12 - 16

25

Load (MW):

20 25

30

35

20

Sketch the load curve, load duration curve and determine

- Maximum demand
- Units generated per day (ii)
- (iii)Average load
- Load factor. (iv)
- Derive the modeling of fundamental speed governing system. 12. (a)

(16)

Or

A two area power system has two identical areas with parameters and (b) operating conditions: (16)

Rated capacity of the area = 1500MW

Normal operating load = 750MW

Nominal frequency = 50Hz

Inertia constant of the area = 5 s

Speed regulation = 3%

Damping co-efficient = 1%

Governor time constant = 0.06 s

Turbine time constant = 0.25 s

A load increase M1 = 30 MW occurs in area 1. Determine change in frequency and compare the change in frequency obtained in single area and comment on the support.

Draw the circuit diagram for a typical excitation system and derive the 13. transfer function model and draw the block diagram. (16)

Or

Explain different types of static VAR compensators with a phasor diagram. (16)

14. (a) Draw the flow chart for obtaining the optimum dispatch strategy of N-bus system neglecting the system transmission loss. (16)

Or

(b) Obtain an optimum economic schedule of a three generators for a total load of 900MW. (16)

The details of fuel cost functions are given below.

$$F_1 = 392.7 + 5.544 P_1 + 0.001093 P_1^2$$
,

$$F_2 = 217 + 5.495 P_2 + 0.001358 P_2^2$$
,

$$F_3 = 65.5 + 6.695 P_3 + 0.004049 P_3^2$$
,

 $P_1, P_2, P_3 \text{ in MW}$:

Generation limits

150 $< P_1 < 600$ MW, 100 $< P_2 < 400$ MW, 50 $< P_3 < 200$ MW.

15. (a) Explain the hardware configuration and function of SCADA. (16)

Or

(b) Explain the different operating states in the security perspective with an example. (16)