| _ | | | , | ** | | | |
|-----------|------|------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Reg. No.: | | | | | | | |

Question Paper Code: 22092

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2015.

First Semester

Civil Engineering

PH 2111/PH 13/080040001 — ENGINEERING PHYSICS — I

(Common to All Branches)

(Regulations 2008)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

 $PART A - (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. What is meant by SONAR?
- 2. What is acoustic grating?
- 3. What is atomic transition?
- 4. Write any four applications of laser in medical field.
- 5. Calculate the numerical aperture of an optical fiber whose core and cladding are made of materials of refractive index 1.6 and 1.5 respectively.
- 6. What is splicing?
- 7. Arrive at Rayleigh-Jeans law from Planck's law.
- 8. What is the physical significance of a wave function?
- 9. Define unit cell.
- 10. A crystal of BCC structure has atomic radius 1.2 Å. Find the volume of its unit cell.

PART B
$$-$$
 (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

- 11. (a) (i) Describe the construction and working of a magnetostriction oscillator to produce ultrasonic waves. (6+6)
 - (ii) Calculate the frequency of the fundamental note and the first over tone emitted by a Piezoelectric crystal, using the following data. Given l = 5 mm. Young's modulus Y=7.9 × 10¹⁰ N/m² and density = 2650 kg/m³. (4)

| | (b) | (i) | Describe the method of determining the velocity of ultrasonic waves using acoustic grating. (12) | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | • | (ii) | Explain the medical applications of ultrasonic waves. (4) | | | | | |
| 12. | (a) | (i) | Distinguish between spontaneous emission and stimulated emission of radiation. (4) | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | For atomic transitions, derive Einstein relations and hence deduce the expression for the ratio of spontaneous emission rate to the stimulated emission rate. (12) | | | | | |
| | | | Or | | | | | |
| | (b) | (i) | Describe the construction and working of Nd-YAG laser with energy level diagram. (12) | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | Explain laser welding. (4) | | | | | |
| 13. | (a) | Define acceptance angle and numerical aperture. Derive an expression angle of acceptance and numerical aperture of fibre in terms refractions index of the core and cladding of the fibre. (4- | | | | | | |
| | | | Or | | | | | |
| | (b) | (i) | Distinguish between step index and graded index fibres. (4) | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | Explain with a neat block diagram, the working of fibre optical communication system. (12) | | | | | |
| 14. | (a) | | the theory of Compton effect and briefly explain its experimental fication. (10+6) | | | | | |
| | | | \mathbf{Or} | | | | | |
| | (b) | (i) | Calculate the values of the energy of a particle in a one dimensional box. (12) | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | Calculate the energy difference between the lowest state and the first energy of an electron moving in one dimensional in an infinitely high potential box of width 0.1 nm. (4) | | | | | |
| 15 . | (a) | Desc | cribe a HCP structure. Show that for an HCP structure $\frac{c}{a} = \sqrt{\frac{8}{3}}$ and | | | | | |
| | | hend | e calculate the packing fraction for the HCP structure. (4+8+4) | | | | | |
| | | | \mathbf{Or} | | | | | |
| | (b) | Expl | ain in detail the crystal defects and their types. (16) | | | | | |