Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code: 41253

M.E. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2014.

First Semester

Power Electronics and Drives

14PPE102 – ANALYSIS OF POWER CONVERTERS

(Regulation 2014)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions.

PART A - $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$

1. In a single phase full co	onverter, for continuous c	onduction, each pair	r of SCR's conduct for
(a) $\pi - \alpha$	(b) π	(c) α	(d) $\pi + \alpha$

- 2. In a three phase full converter, the output voltage pulsates at a frequency equal to(a) Supply frequency, f(b) 2f(c) 3f(d) 6f
- 3. A chopper, where voltage as well as current remain negative, is known as
 (a) Type A
 (b) Type B
 (c) Type C
 (d) Type D

4. In a single phase full wave ac regulator, varying the delay angle α from 0 to π can vary the RMS output voltage from
(a) Vs to Vs / 4
(b) Vs to Vs / 2
(c) Vs to 3Vs / 2
(d) Vs to 0

5. Cycloconverter converts

- (a) ac voltage to dc voltage
- (b) dc voltage to dc voltage
- (c) ac voltage to dc voltage at same frequency
- (d) ac voltage supply frequency to ac voltage at load frequency

- 6. Write in brief, how the load current is made continuous in the operation of a single phase converter.
- 7. A three phase full converter charges a battery from a three phase supply of 230 V, 50 Hz. The battery EMF is 200 V and internal resistance is 0.5 Ohms. Current is continuous and constant with a value of 20 amps. Calculate the firing angle delay and supply power factor.
- 8. What is the operational principle of step up chopper.
- 9. List out the advantages and disadvantage of Matrix converter.
- 10. Explain the method to reduce the output harmonics in cycloconverter.

PART - C (5 x
$$16 = 80$$
 Marks)

11. (a) Describe the working of single phase full converter in the rectifier mode and inverter mode. (16)

Or

- (b) A single phase half controlled converter connected to 230 V, 50 Hz source with a load of R = 10 Ohms in series with a large inductance that makes the load current ripple free for a firing angle of 45°. Calculate the input and output performance parameters of the converter. (16)
- 12. (a) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of three phase semi controlled rectifier supplying RL load. Sketch the output voltage waveforms for three different firing angles. (16)

Or

(b) A three phase full converter connected from a three phase supply of 400 V, 50 Hz with load R = 10 Ohms and back EMF E = 350 V. Current is ripple free. Calculate the power delivered to the load and input power factor for (i) Firing angle of 30° (ii) Firing advance angle of 60° .

(16)

13. (a) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of four quadrant chopper. (16)

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- (b) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of buck converter. (16)
- 14. (a) Explain the operation of single phase full wave AC voltage regulator and obtain the expression for average and RMS value of output voltage with (i) R load (ii) RL load. (16)

Or

- (b) With a suitable circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the operation of three phase full wave AC controller. (16)
- 15. (a) Explain single phase step up cycloconverter with neat waveform. (16)

Or

(b) Explain three phase to single phase cycloconverter with neat waveform. (16)