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Question Paper Code: 33014

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2017

Third Semester

Civil Engineering

01UCE304 - MECHANICS OF SOLIDS - I

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions.

PART A - $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. State Hooke's law.
- 2. Define Poisson's ratio.
- 3. What is mean by perfect frame?
- 4. Define Centre of Gravity.
- 5. List out the types of beams.
- 6. Define shear force and bending moment..
- 7. Define Torsion.
- 8. What are the various types of springs?
- 9. Define principle stresses and principle plane.
- 10. What is the use of Mohr's circle?

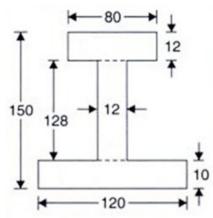
PART - B ($5 \times 16 = 80$ Marks)

- 11. (a) A steel rod of 3 cm diameter is enclosed centrally in a hollow copper tube of external diameter 5 cm and internal diameter of 4 cm. The composite bar is then subjected to an axial pull of 45000 N. If the length of each bar is equal to 15 cm, determine:
 - (i) The stress in the rod and tube and
 - (ii) Load carried by each bar.

Take E for steel = 2.1×10^5 N/mm² and for copper = 1.1×10^5 N/mm². (16)

Or

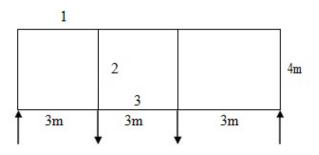
- (b) Derive the relation between E and K.
- 12. (a) Determine the moment of inertia of I section shown in fig. (16)



All dimension are in 'mm'

Or

(b) A truss of span 9*m* is loaded as shown in figure. Find the reaction and forces in the members marked 1, 2, and 3 by using method of section. (16)



(16)

13. (a) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram for a simply supported beam of length 9 *m* and carrying a uniformly distributed load of 10 *kN/m* from a distance of 6 *m* from the left end. Also calculate the maximum B.M on the section. (16)

Or

- (b) Derive an expression for theory of simple bending. (16)
- 14. (a) A closely coiled helical spring of round steel wire 10 mm in diameter having 10 complete turns with a mean diameter of 12 cm is subjected to an axial load of 200 N. Determine: (i) the deflection of the spring (ii) maximum shear stress in the wire (iii) stiffness of the spring. Take $C = 8 \times 10^4 \text{ N/mm}^2$. (16)

Or

- (b) It is required to design a close coiled helical spring which shall deflect 1mm under an axial load of 100N at a shear stress of 90MPa. The spring is to be made of round wire having shear modulus of $0.8 \times 10^5 MPa$. The mean diameter of the coil is 10 times that of the coil wire. Find the diameter and length of the wire. (16)
- 15. (a) The stresses at a point in a bar are 200 N/mm^2 (tensile) and 100 N/mm^2 (compressive). By using Mohr's circle method determine the resultant stress in magnitude and direction on a plane inclined at 60° to the axis of the major stress. Also determine the maximum intensity of shear stress in the material at the point. (16)

Or

(b) At a point in a strained material, the principal stresses are 100 N/mm^2 (Tensile) and 40 N/mm^2 (Compressive). Determine the resultant stress in magnitude and direction in a plane inclined at 600 to the axis of major principal stress. What is the maximum intensity of shear stress in the material at the point. (16)

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