Question Paper Code: 57S29

Ph.D. COURSE WORK EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

Elective

Communication Systems

15PCM529 - PATTERN RECOGNITION

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART - A $(5 \times 20 = 100 \text{ Marks})$

1. (a) Explain the concept of Classification and Post processing in CO1-U (20) pattern recognition.

Or

- (b) What do you mean by pattern recognition? Explain. Describe CO1- U (20) design principles of pattern recognition system with an example.
- 2. (a) Explain the uni-variate and multivariate normal density functions CO2-U (20) with examples.

Or

(b) What is discriminant function? Discuss in detail. In a two class CO2- U (20) problem, the likelihood ratio is given as follows:

 $p\left(X \mid C_{1}\right) / p\left(X \mid C_{2}\right)$

Write the discriminant function in terms of the likelihood ratio.

3. (a) Why parameter estimation is an important issue in pattern CO3- Ana (20) recognition? What are the two methods usually considered for this? Illustrate any one of them considering a Gaussian case of unknown μ and ∑.

- (b) Let us assume that there are *m* samples in *n* dimensional space. CO3- Ana (20) Describe the mathematical components required to compute the *n* principal components for each sample. Describe how Principal Component Analysis (PCA) will enable dimensionality reduction. Put the above details in an algorithmic structure.
- 4. (a) Write a short note on Fisher-Linear Discriminant. CO4- U (20) Or
 - (b) Explain Parzen window estimation. Illustrate with diagrams. CO4- U (20)
- (a) Write algorithm for K-means clustering with the help of diagram. CO5- App (20) Explain how the K-means clustering produces a form of stochastic hill climbing in the log likelihood function.

Or

(b) Illustrate with dendrogram the hierarchical agglomerative CO5- App (20) clustering and the hierarchical division clustering. Bring out the differences in the computational procedures involved in both of them.