Question Paper Code: 47602

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

Seventh Semester

Instrumentation and Control Engineering

14UIC702 - DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEM

(Regulation 2014)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. In a sampled data system, the device used for signal reconstruction is called

- (a) Sampler (b) Holding device (c) ADC (d) DAC
- 2. In the sampled data control system, the controller output is given to
 - (a) Comparator (b) Process (c) Final control element (d) Zero order hold
- 3. Shanon's sampling theorem states

$$(a) \ f_s \ \ge f_m/2 \qquad \qquad (b) \ f_s \ \le \ f_m/2 \qquad \qquad (c) \ f_s \ \ge 2f_m \qquad \qquad (d) \ f_s \ \le 2f_m$$

4. The holding device which uses n^{th} order polynomial for approximation is called

- (a) $(n+1)^{th}$ order holding (b) $(n-1)^{th}$ order holding device
- (c) nth order holding device (d) Zero order holding device
- 5. Z-transform of 6 δ (k+2) is
 - (a) $\frac{6z}{z-2}$ (b) $6z^2$ (c) $2z^6$ (d) $6z^{-2}$

6. The stable region of Z plane is

- (a) Inside the unit circle (b) Outside the unit circle
- (c) Left half plane (d) Right half plane

7. For the nth order system, the number of state equations will be

- (a) 1 (b) n (c) (n+1)/2 (d) n/2
- 8. A state space model is fundamentally different from transfer function model in account of
 - (a) Zeroes (b) Single input & single output
 - (c) Initial conditions (d) Poles
- 9. The input of a controller is
 - (a) Sensed signal
 - (b) Error signal
 - (c) Desired variable value
 - (d) Signal of fixed amplitude not dependent on desired variable value
- 10. In dead beat controller C(z) / R(z) is (a) z^{-2} (b) z^{-1} (c) z^{-n} (d) z^{+1}

PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

- 11. Distinguish digital controllers and analog controllers.
- 12. Define acquisition time, aperture time and droop rate with respect to sample and hold operation.
- 13. State and prove convolution theorem in z-transform.
- 14. Define Controllability and observability in state space approach.
- 15. State deadbeat algorithm

PART - C (5 x
$$16 = 80$$
 Marks)

16.(a) Draw the configuration of basic digital control and explain the functions of each component in it.. (16)

(b) With suitable block diagram, explain any one application of digital control system.

(16)

- 17. (a) (i) Obtain the inverse Z-transformation of the discrete function (4) $G(z) = \frac{Z}{3(Z - 0.333)(Z - 1)}$
 - (ii) Derive the expression for the sampled spectra and explain aliasing effect using the frequency domain considerations. (12)

Or

- (b) (i) Derive the transfer function of Zero Order Hold. (8)
 - (ii) Illustrate the significance of various time domain modes of discrete time systems.

(8)

(10)

18. (a) For the sampled data system given below, find the response c(k) for unit step change in input r(k) (16)



Or

- (b) (i) Obtain the modified z-transform of unit ramp function. (6)
 - (ii) Determine the stability using Jury's test for the system with the following characteristic polynomial.

$$\Delta(Z) = Z4 - 1.2Z3 + 0.07Z2 + 0.3Z - 0.08$$

19. (a) (i) Obtain the state space model for the given pulse transfer function in decoupled form.

$$\frac{y(z)}{u(z)} = \frac{2(z+5)}{(z+2)(z+3)(z+4)}$$

(ii) Find state transition matrix $\Phi(k)$ if the system state matrix is given as (8)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

3

(b) (ii) Obtain the phase variable form of state model of the following system and find the Controllability of the same(16)

$$y(k+3) + 4y(k+2) + 9y(k+1) + 6y(k) = u(k)$$

20. (a) Derive the digital equivalent of position form of PID algorithm. (16)

Or

(b) Explain the design of state regulator and observer with suitable examples (16)