Reg. No.:					

Question Paper Code: 55502

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

Fifth Semester

Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering

15UEI502 - INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION - II

		(Regulation	2015)				
Dι	uration: Three hours			Maximum: 100 Marks			
	Ar	nswer ALL (Questions				
	PART	A - (10 x 1	= 10 Marks)				
1.	. In metering dirty fluids, slurries and fluids containing solids, what type of orifice plate used						
	(a) Concentric (b) Ecce	entric	(c) Segmental	(d) Quadratic			
2. The Target flow meters comes under							
(a) Mechanical type(c) Inferential type			(b) Electrical type(d) Mass flow type				
3. The anemometer is used to measure the flow rate of fluids by measuring velocity of							
(a) Conducting liquid(c) Non conducting liquid			(b) semi conducting liquid(d) Viscous liquid				
4.	4. Ultrasonic level measurement is not suitable for						
	(a) Liquids(c) granular	(b) slurries(d) interface	es				
5.	Which of the following is a direc	t level meas	urement?				

(b) float level gauge (d) ultrasonic method

(a) Air trap method

(c) Diaphragm box method

6.	The boiler drum level measurement is base	ed on			
	(a) density	(b) differential pressure			
	(c) viscosity	(d) ultrasonic method			
7.	The ultrasonic refers to the frequency in th	e range of			
	(a) 20 to 20000KHz	(b) 20 to 20000Hz			
	(c) 20 to 20000MHz	(d) 20 to 2000Hz			
8.	The air purge or bubbler systems can exce	ed pressure of liquid at			
	(a) 0.1kg/cm^2 (b) 5kg/cm^2	(c) 0.01kg/cm^2 (d) 3kg/cm^2			
9.	A solution which reached the limit of solu	oility is called as			
	(a) Dew point solution	(b) Saturated solution			
	(c) Absorbed solution	(d) Cavity solution			
10.	For continuous recording and control o type are widely used.	f relative humidity, electrical transducers of			
	(a) Thermistor	(b) Dun more			
	(c) RTD	(d) Dew cells			
	PART - B (5 x	2 = 10 Marks)			
11.	How did impeller works in mass flow meter	ers?			
12.	Write the principle of vortex shedding flow	v meter operates.			
13.	Mention the advantages of sight glass leve	l instrument.			
14.	Brief the operation of thermal level sensor				
15.	Calculate Dew point using difference in te	mperature in dry and wet bulb Psychrometer?			
	PART - C (5 x	16 = 80 Marks)			
16.		es and pressure after it reduces but velocity escribe its construction and Working in detail. (12)			
	manometer. The pressure differen	t in front of the submarine is connected to a ace in the manometer was found as 25 kN/m ² . density of sea water is 1026 kg/m ³ . (4)			

	(b)	(i)	State coriolis principle. Discuss how it is applied to measure the mass flow of given medium directly with a help of neat sketch.	rate (16)
17.	(a)	` ′	With a neat diagram explain about the construction and working operation ctromagnetic flow meter and also discuss its advantages and limitations.	on of (10)
		(ii)	Explain the excitation schemes of an Electromagnetic flow meter.	(6)
			Or	
	(b)	(i)	State Karman's Principle and show the flow velocity is proportional to Verguency.	ortex (10)
		(ii)	How the flow rate of dry materials such as coal, cement and Power Chemicals and fruits are measured.	dered (6)
18.	(a)	(i)	Explain in detail about different types of Level detectors used in I measurement.	Level
		(ii)	How liquid level is measured using float and displacer sensor?	(8)
			Or	
	(b)	(i)	Explain how boiler drum level is measured using hydra step system.	(8)
		(ii)	Illustrate level measurement using Bubbler system.	(8)
19.	(a)	(i)	Draw and explain different types of Contact level sensors.	(8)
		(ii)	Discuss how level can be measured using optical level sensor.	(8)
			Or	
	(b)	(i)	Illustrate the type of level measurement in which the Elapsed time between transmitting and receiving pulse is related to level.	n the (8)
		(ii)	Explain in detail how the level is measured by using Capacitance and Resist Tapes.	tance
20.	(a)	(i)	If the Process Sample is in liquid state, how moisture can be measured usample vaporization and sample stripping method.	using (8)
		(ii)	Describe the constructional details and working principle of Dry and Wet Psychrometer and explain the calculation of relative humidity with a nume example using Psychrometric chart.	

- (b) (i) Give the Wavelength of IR rays in which the attenuation of wavelength changes as moisture changes and explain it by using an hygrometer. (8)
 - (ii) How moisture can be measured in solid penetrable materials like wood and web type materials? Explain it with an example. (8)