A		Reg. No. :									
Question Paper Code: 51207											
	B.E./B	.Tech. DEGREE E	XAMI	NATIC	DN, M	IAY 2	2018				
		First S	Semest	er							
		Computer Scie	ence E	ngineer	ring						
	15	UCS107 - COMPU	TER F	ROGR	AMN	AING	ſ				
		(Regula	tion 20	)15)							
Dur	ation: Three hours				Ν	laxim	um:	100	Mark	5	
		Answer A	ll Que	stions							
		PART A - (10	)x 1 =	10 Mar	·ks)						
1.	C language was develo	ped by								CO1-	R
	(a) Dennis Richie		(0	c) Bill (	Gates						
	(b) Martin Richards		(0	l) Ken	Thon	npson					
2.	The basic architecture of computer was developed by							CO1-	R		
	(a) John von neumann		(c) Garden Moore								
	(b) Charles Babbage		(d)	Pascal							
3.	Which of the following special symbol allowed in a variable name?								CO2- ]	R	
	(a) * (asterisk)		(0	c) - (hy]	phen)	I					
	(b)   (pipeline)		(0	l) _ (u	nders	core)					
4.	The format identifier '	%i' is also used for		data ty	pe?					CO2-	R
	(a) int	(b) float	(c)	double	•			(d) c	har		

5.	Which operator is used	next line?	CO3- R				
	(a) #	(b) ##	(c) \$	(d) /			
6.	The keyword 'break' cannot be simply used within:						
	(a) do-while	(b) if-else	(c) switch-case	(d) for			
7.	How many values can a function return?						
	(a) 1	(b) 2	(c) 3	(d) 4			
8.	The recursive functions are executed in a						
	(a) parallel		(c) Last In First Out ord				
	(b) First In First Out of	rder	(d) Iterative order				
9.	If $a1 = \&x$ and $a2 = \&a1$ , what will be the output generated by the expression **a2?						
	(a) Address of a2		(b) Address of a1				
	(c) Value of x		(d) Address of x				
10.	#include is called				CO5- R		
	(a) Preprocessor direct	ive	(c) File inclusion direct	ive			
	(b) Inclusive directive		(d) None of these				
		PART – B	(5 x 2= 10Marks)				
11.	Outline the Structure of a 'C' Program						
12.	What is a pseudocode? Write the rules for pseudocode.						
13.	Write a C program to print the leap year from 2000 to 2015.						
14.	What is meant by recursion?						
15.	What is NULL pointer?						

## $PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

- 16. (a) With a neat block diagram explain the basic organization of a CO1-U (16)computer and list out the functions performed by each unit. Or (b) (i) Mention the various guidelines to be followed while drawing a CO1 -U (8) flowchart with a suitable example. (ii) Draw the flowchart to find the greatest among three numbers. CO1 - App (8)17. (a) (i) Describe in detail formatted and unformatted I/O with example CO2 -U (10)'C'.
  - (ii) Explain in detail the structure of a C program with an example. CO2 -App (6)

## Or

(b) List and explain different types of data types in C? Also CO2 -U (16) differentiate between signed and unsigned data types with reference to range of memory they occupy.

## 18. (a) (i) Explain the various decision making mechanism in C. CO3- U (8)

(ii) Write a program to print the integers between 1 and n which CO3- App (8) are divisible by 7.

## Or

- (b) (i) With an example explain the Branching and Looping CO3- App (8) mechanism in C.
  - (ii) Write a menu driven program which has following options: CO3- App (8)
    (i) Factorial of a number (ii) Prime or not
    (iii) Odd or even (iv) Exit.
- 19. (a) (i) Explain about the different parameter passing method with CO4-App (8) examples.

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(ii) Differentiate between pass by value and pass by reference. CO4 -U (8)

(b) (i) Write a C program to read n numbers in an array and split the CO4 -App (8) array into two arrays even and odd such that the array even contains all the even numbers and other is odd. So the output will be as follows:
Original array is 7,9,4,6,5,3,2,10,18
Odd array is 7,9,5,3
Even array is 4,6,2,10,18

(ii) Define functions. Write the advantages and disadvantages of CO4 -U (8) function in C.

- 20. (a) (i) State the advantages of using pointers. Represent the pointer CO5-U (8) declaration and initialization and how the value of variable is accessed using pointers. Give suitable example.
  - (ii) What is the difference between a structure and a union? CO5- U (8) Or
  - (b) (i) Define dynamic memory allocation? Exemplify the different CO5-U (8) dynamic memory allocation functions in C.
    - (ii) Describe in detail about the Preprocessors in C CO5- U (8)