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Question Paper Code: 60533

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2016.

Fifth Semester

Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering

EI 2303/EI 53/10133 EI 506 — INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION – II

(Common to Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

(Regulations 2008/2010)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

 $PART A - (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Name three types of rate of flow meters.
- 2. What do you mean by turbulent flow?
- 3. What are the different types of mass flow meter?
- 4. List the disadvantages of turbine flow meter.
- 5. Write the working principle of target flowmeter.
- 6. A vortex shedding flow meter is mounted in a pipe line of 100 mm diameter. The bluff body is a rectangle of width 40 mm and the strauhal number is 0.18 while k is 1.5. If the vortex shedding frequency is 20 Hz. What, is the volume flow rate?
- 7. What is DPT (Differential pressure transmitter)?
- 8. State the principle of float type level gauge.
- 9. What are the industrial needs which make viscosity determination desirable?
- 10. Mention the factors which should he considered as possible sources of error in humidity measurements.

PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

- 11. (a) (i) With a neat diagram explain the working principle and construction of orifice meter. (8)
 - (ii) Water is flowing through a venturi having 40 rum throat diameter. If 1200 kg of water flows in two minutes and the discharge coefficient is 0.95, What will be the pressure head on a mercury manometer connected to the venture? Density of water is 1000 kg/m³ and mercury is 13600 kg/m³. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the installation of venturimeter. (6)
 - (ii) With a neat schematic diagram explain the construction and working of Pitot tube. (6)
 - (iii) Determine the flow velocity of water of density 1000 kg/m³ at the head of a Pitot tube if it produces a pressure differential of 10 kPa between the outlets and if the same pressure differential is obtained in air at an altitude where the density of air is 0.650 kg/m³, determine the velocity of air flow. (4)
- 12. (a) What are mechanical flow meters and how many groups are they divided. explain any one positive displacement meter for flow measurement? (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the construction and working of Thermal mass flow meter. (8)
 - (ii) What are the steps to be followed during calibration of flow meter? (8)
- 13. (a) Describe the construction and working of vortex shedding flow meter and target flow meter. (16)

 \mathbf{Or}

- (b) (i) With necessary diagram, Explain the construction and working of Electro magnetic flow meter. (8)
 - (ii) Describe any one method to measure the how rate of solids with neat, sketch. (8)
- 14. (a) Explain the principle of operation air purge level measuring system with neat diagram.

Or

(b) Explain the ultrasonic type level measurement system.