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Reg. No.						

Question Paper Code: 60380

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2016.

Fourth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 2252/CS 42/EC 1257/10144 CS 403/080250010/10144 EC 506 — MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS

(Common to Information Technology)

(Regulations 2008/2010)

(Also common to PTCS 2252 — Microprocessors and Microcontrollers for B.E. (Part – Time) Fourth Semester — CSE – Regulations 2009)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

 $PART A - (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. What is the effect of executing the instruction DAD B and ADD M?
- 2. Draw the contents of the flag register of 8085.
- 3. Give the function of the 8086 pins (a) ALE (b) READY.
- 4. Compare intersegment and intrasegment branching of 8086 processor.
- 5. What is co-processor?
- 6. What is a floating point coprocessor?
- 7. Why are the port lines of programmable port devices automatically put in the input mode when the device is first powered up or reset?
- 8. How to change the direction of the stepper motor from clockwise direction to anticlockwise direction using a program segment.
- 9. What are the differences between a microprocessor and microcontroller?
- 10. What are the uses of port 0 and port 2 of 8051?

			$PART B - (5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$							
11.	(a)	(i)	Write an 8086 ALP to sort out any given 10 numbers in ascending and descending order. (10)							
	•	(ii)	Explain the addressing modes of 8085 with an example. (6)							
		` '	\mathbf{Or}							
	(b)	With	neat block diagram, explain the architecture of 8086 oporcessor. (16)							
12.	(a)	(i) Explain about the following assembler directives:								
			END P, EQU, EVEN, EXTRN with examples. (8)							
		(ii)	Draw and discuss a typical minimum mode 8086 system. (8)							
	-		\mathbf{Or}							
	(b)	(i)	Describe the maximum mode of operation of 8086. (12)							
		(ii)	What are assembler directives and pseudo ops? (4)							
13.	(a)	(i)	Draw the architecture of 8089 I/O processor and explain the need for 8089 I/O processor. (8)							
		(ii)	Compare closely coupled configuration with loosely coupled configuration. (8)							
			\mathbf{Or}							
	(b)	(i)	How is the communication between CPU and IOP being done? (8)							
	•	(ii)	Draw the internal block diagram of 8087 co-processor and explain. (8)							
14.	(a)	(i)	With a block diagram explain how 8255 PPI functions in different modes to accommodate different kind of I/O devices. (10)							
		(ii)	Frame the control word for the 8255 PPI for the following cases.							
			(1) To connect one input device and one output device in the strobed mode.							
	•		(2) To connect two input devices in the strobed mode.							
			(3) To connect one out put device in strobed mode and one I/O devices as a bi-directional device. (6)							
		•	\mathbf{Or}							
	(b)	(i)	List the different DMA transfer modes supported by a DMA controller and explain these modes. (6)							
		(ii)	Draw the internal architectural diagram of the 8237 and explain how it functions as a DMA controller. (10)							
15 .	(a)	Exp	lain the internal architecture of 8051 microcontroller. (16)							
		,	\mathbf{Or}							
	(b)	(i)	Vin = 2.78 v, Vref = 5v Number of data lines are 6. Convert the given analog quantity into its equivalent output digital quantity. (8)							

its equivalent analog quantity.

Explain the different techniques to convert a digital quantity into