Question Paper Code: 49201

M.E. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2015.

First Semester

Computer Science and Engineering (with specialization in networks)

14PNE518 - TCP/IP DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

(Regulation 2014)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions.

PART A - $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$

| 1. | ARP returns address | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|------------------|---------------------|--|
| | (a) IP address | (b) Port address | (c) MAC address | s (d) All the above | |
| 2. | IP routing is supported by | | | | |
| | (a) IGMP | (b) ICMP | (c) FTP | (d) SNMP | |
| 3. | Which of the following describe the DHCP Discover message? | | | | |
| | (a) It uses FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF as a layer 2 broadcast. | | | | |
| | (b) It uses UDP as the Transport layer protocol. | | | | |
| | (c) It uses TCP as the Transport layer protocol. | | | | |
| | (d) It does not use a layer 2 destination address. | | | | |
| 4. | Which command displays RIP routing updates? | | | | |
| | (a) show IP route | | (b) debug IP rip | | |
| | (c) show protocols | | (d) debug IP rou | (d) debug IP route | |
| 5. | How long is an IPv6 address? | | | | |
| | (a) 32 bits | (b) 128 bytes | (c) 64 bits | (d) 128 bits | |
| $\mathbf{D} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{T} = \mathbf{D} \left(5 \times 2 - 1 5 \mathbf{M} \text{order} \right)$ | | | | | |

PART - B $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

6. Explain the advantages of DHCP.

- 7. Mention the need for RIP.
- 8. Explain the various fields present in a TCP segment.
- 9. What is SBR?
- 10. Write a note on QoS.

PART - C (
$$5 \times 16 = 80$$
 Marks)

11. (a) Describe the working of ARP and RARP. Highlight the need for ARP as a protocol in packet delivery. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain in detail, the frame format, and working of DHCP. (16)
- 12. (a) Describe the format of an IP Datagram. Explain forwarding and routing of an IP datagram with any one routing algorithm as an example. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain in detail, the working of Open Shortest Path First Routing protocol. (16)
- 13. (a) The receiver TCP delivers only ordered data to the process. How does it react to loss or delay of segments? Illustrate with diagrams. (16)

Or

- (b) Discuss the mechanism of congestion control in TCP. (16)
- 14. (a) Explain the working of Equal-cost multi-path routing protocol. Highlight its advantages. (16)

Or

- (b) Describe the working of Multiprotocol Label Switching. Mention its significance over other switching methods. (16)
- 15. (a) Explain the Header format and working of IPv6. Highlight the interoperability issues with IPv4. (16)

Or

(b) Explain in detail, the working of ICMP v6. (16)