Question Paper Code: 34014

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2017

Fourth Semester

Civil Engineering

01UCE404 - MECHANICS OF SOLIDS II

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions.

PART A - $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Define Maxwell's reciprocal theorem.
- 2. State Castigliano's first theorem.
- 3. Define statically indeterminate beam.
- 4. What are the advantages of continuous beam over simply supported beam?
- 5. Write the formula for deflection of a fixed beam with eccentric point load and uniformly distributed load.
- 6. What is conjugate beam?
- 7. Write the assumptions made in Euler's theory of long column.
- 8. Define thick cylinders.
- 9. Define unsymmetrical bending.
- 10. Define compound cylinder.

PART - B ($5 \times 16 = 80$ Marks)

11. (a) Derive the expression for strain energy in Linear Elastic Systems for the following cases. (i) Axial loading (ii) Flexural Loading [moment (or) couple]. (16)

- (b) A beam simply supported over a span of 3m carries a uniformly distributed load of 20 kN/m over the entire span. Taking $EI = 2.25 \text{ MNm}^2$ and using Castiglian's theorem determine the deflection at the center of the beam. (16)
- 12. (a) A simply supported beam of 16 m effective span 0carries the concentrated loads of 4 kN, 5 kN and 3 kN at distances 3, 7, and 11 m respectively from the left support. Calculate maximum shearing force and bending moment. Draw the S.F and B.M diagrams.

Or

- (b) A fixed beam AB of length 6m carries point load of 160 kN and 120 kN at a distance of 2m and 4m from the left end A. Find the fixed end moments and the reactions at the supports.
- 13. (a) A cantilever 15 cm wide and 20 cm deep projects 1.5 m out of a wall, and is carrying a point load of 20 kN at the free end. Find the slope and deflection of the cantilever at the free end by using Moment Area Method. Take $E = 200 \text{ GN} / \text{m}^2$. (16)

Or

- (b) A simply supported beam is carrying a load *W* at the center. Calculate the slopes at its ends and the central deflection, using conjugate beam method. (16)
- 14. (a) A cylindrical air drum is 2.25 m in diameter with plates 1.2 cm thick. The efficiencies of the longitudinal and circumferential joints are respectively 75% and 40%. If the tensile stress in the plating is to be limited to 120 MN /m² find the maximum safe air pressure. (16)

Or

- (b) Derive the expression for crippling load when both ends of the column are fixed. (16)
- 15. (a) Derive the formula for the deflection of beams due to unsymmetrical bending. (16)

Or

(b) A thick steel cylinder having an internal diameter of 100 mm an external diameter of 200 mm is subjected to an internal pressure of 55 M Pa and an external pressure of 7 M Pa. Find the maximum hoop stress.