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Question Paper Code: 31403

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015

Fourth Semester

Mechanical Engineering

01UMA423 - STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1. Define type I and type II error?
- 2. What is meant by degrees of freedom?
- 3. Name the basic principles of experimental design.
- 4. Write any two difference between R.B.D and L.S.D.
- 5. Write the order and convergence condition of Newton's Raphson method?
- 6. Compare Gaussian elimination method and Gauss–Jordan method for solving a linear system.
- 7. Write the divided difference table for the following data:

| Х | 2 | 5 | 10 |
|---|---|----|-----|
| У | 5 | 29 | 109 |

- 8. State the Newton's forward interpolation formula.
- 9. What is the restriction on the number of intervals in Simpson's 1/3 and Simpson's 3/8 rule.

10. Evaluate
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$$
 using Gaussian 2-point formula.

- 11. (a) (i) In a large city A, 20 percent of a random sample of 900 school boys had a slight physical defect. In another city B, 18.5 percent of a random sample of 1600 school boys had the same defect. Is the difference between the proportions significant? (Use a level of significance of 0.05).
 - (ii) Test the significance of the difference between the means of the samples, drawn from two normal populations with the same S.D. from the following data: (Use a level of significance of 0.05.)

| | Size | Mean | S.D |
|-----------|------|------|-----|
| Sample I | 100 | 61 | 4 |
| Sample II | 200 | 63 | 6 |

| Or |
|----|
|----|

(b) (i) Two independent samples of eight and seven items respectively had the following values of the variable. Do the two estimates of population variance differ significantly at 5% level of significance?

| Sample 1 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 11 | 15 | 9 | 12 | 14 |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|---|----|----|
| Sample 2 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 14 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 6 |

(ii) The following table gives a classification of a sample of 160 plants of their flower colour and flatness of leaf. Test whether the flower colours is independent of the flatness of leaf at 5% level of significance?

| | Flat leaves | Curled leaves |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| White Flower | 99 | 36 |
| Red flower | 20 | 5 |

12. (a) The table below shows the yields per hectare of a certain variety of paddy in a particular type of soil treated with manures A, B and C. Analyze the results for manure effects.

| А | 49 | 50 | 48 | 49 |
|---|----|----|----|----|
| В | 48 | 48 | 49 | 47 |
| С | 50 | 50 | 51 | 49 |

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(b) A company appoints 4 salesmen *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* and observes their sales in 3 seasons: summer, winter and monsoon. The figures (in lakhs of Rs.) are given in the following table:

| Seasons | Salesmen | | | | | |
|---------|----------|----|----|----|--|--|
| | А | В | С | D | | |
| Summer | 45 | 40 | 38 | 37 | | |
| Winter | 43 | 41 | 45 | 38 | | |
| Monsoon | 39 | 39 | 41 | 41 | | |

Perform a two-way analysis of variance at 5% level. (16)

- 13. (a) (i) Using Newton's-Raphson method find the iterative formula for finding the value of $\frac{1}{N}$ where *N* is a real number. Hence evaluate $\frac{1}{26}$ correct to 4 decimal places. (8)
 - (ii) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Seidel method 20x+y-2z=17; 3x+20y-z=-18; 2x-3y+20z=25 (8)

Or

(b) (i) Find the largest Eigen values of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ using power method.

(8)

- (ii) Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & -6 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$ using Gauss-Jordan Method. (8)
- 14. (a) (i) Apply Lagrange's formula to find y (2) form the following data y (0) = -12; y (1) = 0; y (3) = 6 and y (4) = 12. (8)
 - (ii) The population of a town is shown in the following table. Estimate the population in the year 1996 using Newton's backward interpolation formula.

| Year (x) | 1961 | 1971 | 1981 | 1991 | 2001 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Population | 46 | 66 | 81 | 93 | 101 |
| (1000s) y | | | | | |

(8)

Or

(b) (i) Find y(1.5) using the cubic spline from the following data.

| Х | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|----|----|----|
| У | -6 | -1 | 16 |

- (ii) Find the equation y=f(x) of least degree and passing through the points (-1, -21), (1, 15), (2, 12), (3, 3). Also find y at x=0 using Newton's divided difference. (8)
- 15. (a) (i) The table below gives the velocity v of a particle for 20 seconds at an interval of 5 seconds. Find the initial acceleration at time t=0. (8)

| t(seconds) | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
|------------|---|---|----|----|-----|
| v(m/s) | 0 | 3 | 14 | 69 | 228 |

(ii) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{1+x^{2}}$ by using Trapezoidal rule taking *t*=0.2. Hence determine the approximate value of π . (8)

Or

(b) (i) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$$
 by using Gaussian 3-point formula. (8)

(ii) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} e^{x+y} dx dy$$
 by using Simpson's rule. (8)

(8)