Reg. No. :

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B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018

Seventh Semester

Mechanical Engineering 15UME702 – FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1.	Finite element method formulation of problem results in a system of			CO1- R
	(a) Algebraic equations	(b) $R = 0$	(c) $R = w$	(d) $R = y$
2.	FEM gives accurate representation of			CO1- R
	(a) Non – Structural Problems		(b) Complex geomentry	
	(c) Discretization of Structure		(d) None of the above	
3.	To solve FEM problem, it subdivides a large problem into smaller, CC simpler parts that are called			
	(a) Traction Force (b) Body Force	(c) Finite element (d)	None of the above
4.	is a defined as a structure, made up of several bars, riveted or welded together?			CO2- R
	(a) Truss (b) H	Bar Element (c)	Total Potential Energy	(d) All of the above
5.	Three noded triangular element is known as			CO3- R
	(a) Constant Strain Trian	ngular (CST)	(b) Linear Strain Triangu	lar (LST)
	(c) Quadratic Strain Tria	angular (QST)	(d) None of these	

6.	is defined o be a state of stress in shear stress directed perpendicular to the plan	nd CO3- R				
	(a) Plain Stress Analysis	(b) Plain Strain Analysis				
	(c) Both a & b	(d) None of these				
7.	as the ratio of actual damps critical damping coefficient (C _c).	CO4- R				
	(a) Frequency of Vibration	(b) Damping Ratio				
	(c) Longitudinal Vibration	(d) Transverse Vibration				
8.	When the particles of the shaft or disc move perpendicular to the axis of the shaft, then the	CO4- R				
	(a) Frequency of Vibration	(b) Damping Ratio				
	(c) Longitudinal Vibration	(d) Transverse Vibration				
9.	can be defined a the transmission of er another region due to temperature difference	CO5- R				
	(a) Mass Transfer (b) Longitudinal Vibrati	ons (c) Heat Transfer	(d) None of these			
10.	is defined as locus of points particle of fixed identity passes as it moves in	CO5- R				
	(a) Stream Line (b) Viscous Flow	(c) Inviscid Flow	(d) Path Line			
PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)						
11.	State the application of FEA.	CO1- U				
12.	State the different steps involved in FEM	CO2- U				
13.	What is meant by local and global coordinate	CO3- U				
14.	Give the stiffness matrix of a triangular elem	CO4- U				
15.	Explain the applications of dynamic analysis	CO5- U				

$PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

16. (a) Explain briefly about the variational approach of approximation. CO1-App (16)

Or

- (b) Solve the differential equation for a physical problem expressed as CO1- App (16) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 50 = 0, 0 \le x \le 10 \text{ and the trial function is } y = a_1x(10-x) \text{ with}$ boundary conditions as y(0) = 0 and y(10) = 0 using:
 - (i) Point Collocation Method
 - (ii) Sub-domain Collocation Method
 - (iii) Least Squares Method
 - (iv) Galerkin's Method
- 17. (a) A two step bar subjected to loading condition as shown in CO2- App (16) Figure. 1.Draw the finite element model. Determine the Element stiffness matrices and assemble them into Global stiffness matrix by using four elements. Also write the element equation. Take Area $A_1 = 250 \text{mm}^2$, $A_2 = 400 \text{mm}^2$ Young's Modulus = 200GPa.



Or

- (b) The bar element is shown in Figure2.is to have an axial CO2- App (16) displacement field u that is linear in x and depends on nodal degrees of freedom u_{1} , u_{2} .
 - (i) Evaluate ξ , N₁ and N₂.

(ii) If $u_1 = 0.5$ mm and $u_2 = 0.7$ mm, determine the nodal displacement at the point P.



Figure. 2

18. (a) Evaluate the shape function N_1 , N_2 , N_3 at the interior point 'P' for CO3- App (16) the triangular element shown in Figure.3



Or

(b) Determine the x and y coordinates of point P for the triangular CO3- App (16) element shown in Figure.4.The shape functions $N_{1,} N_2$ are 0.2 and 0.3 respectively



Figure.4

19. (a) Find the stiffness and mass matrices of longitudinal vibration of CO4 - Ana (16) the unconstrained stepped bar shown in Figure .5.







(b) Evaluate the integral, CO4- App (16)

$$I = \int_{-1}^{1} (x^{2} + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx$$

using 2 points and 3 points Gaussian quadrature.

20. (a) Determine the temperature distribution through the composite CO5-App (16) wall shown in figure, when the convection heat loss occurs on the left surface. Assume unit area. Take wall thicknesses, $t_1 = 4$ cm and $t_2 = 2$ cm; Take properties $k_1 = 0.5$ W/cm^oC, $k_2 = 0.05$ W/cm^oC, h = 0.1W/cm² °C and Fluid temperature as $T_{\infty} = -5^{\circ}$ C. shown in Figure.6



(b) Determine the temperature distribution through the composite CO5-App (16) wall shown in Figure.7 when convection heat loss occurs on the left surface. Assume a unit area.



Figure.7